

# Fully Integrated True CRES Measurement for Probe Cards and Probing Process Characterization

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# Introduction

- Fast, reliable, and accurate characterization of probe cards and probing process is a fundamental requirement of developing a robust probing process and consequently a reliable test methodology
- The efficiency of development effort has been limited by capabilities of toolset
  - Channel density
  - Accuracy and speed of data acquisition HW
  - Difficulties interfacing data acquisition system with prober
  - Data storage and analysis capability
- Tool cost and availability constraints is often a limiting factor in process development

# Agenda

- Intel developed True CRES Measurement (TCM) capability providing a low-cost probe card and process characterization tool
  - Built upon a scalable platform
  - Fast and accurate
  - Fully integrated and easy to use
  - Low cost
- In this presentation, we cover the following:
  - Requirements
  - Hardware configuration
  - Software (integration and features)
  - Key challenges
  - Validation
  - TCM Screen Shots
  - Q&A

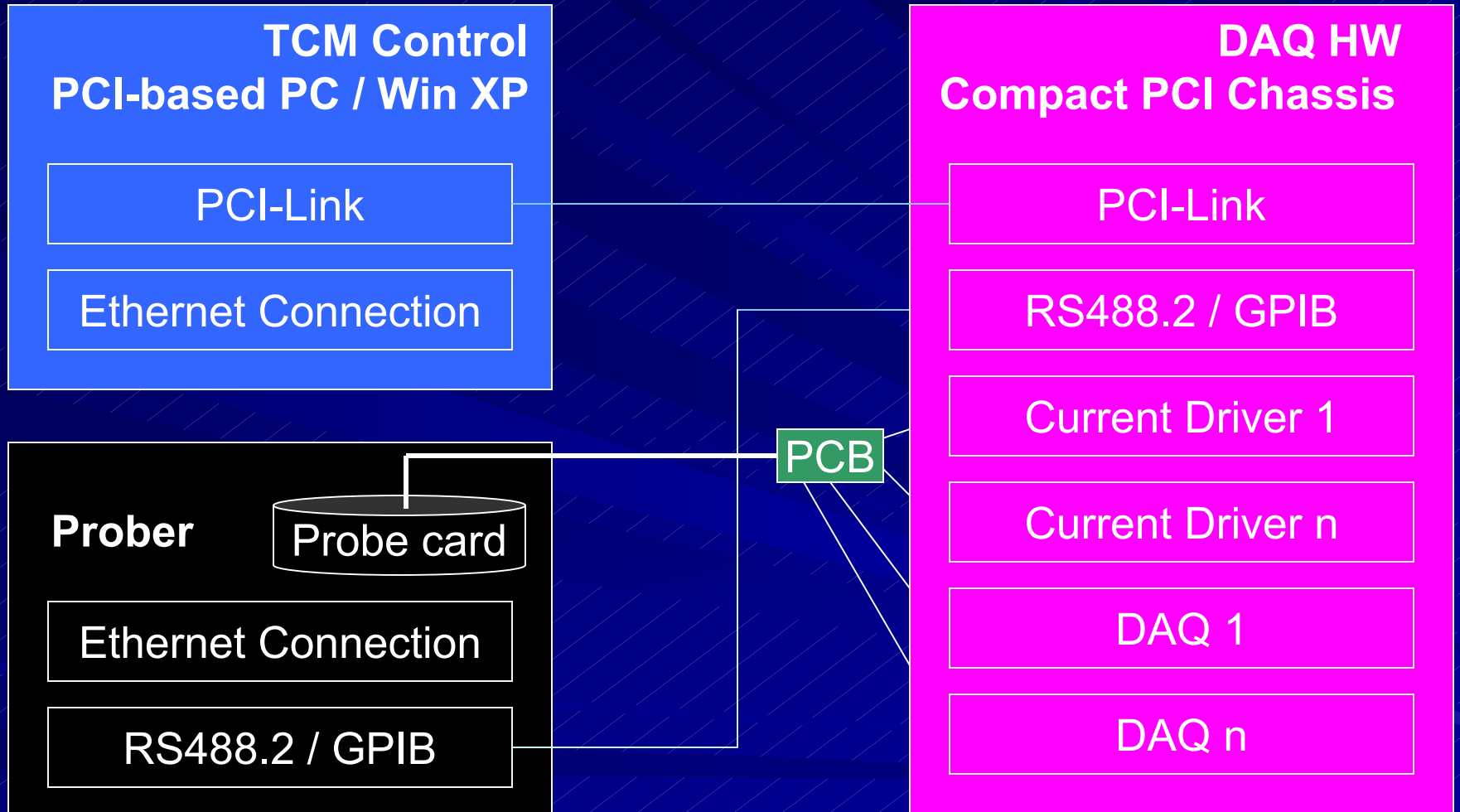
# Basic Requirements

- Accuracy within 1/10<sup>th</sup> Ohm, each measurement
- Initial 128 channels, scalable
- Able to run stand-alone or in-line with existing tester module
- Maximum 500ms measurement time per die
- Robust system, including out-of-control monitors, etc.
- Easy access to measurement data for both real-time and offline analysis
  - Multiple output formats, including .CSV

# Boundary Conditions

- Must integrate with existing automation systems
  - Material handling
  - Data collection
  - Same interface to station controller as other tester platforms
- Must utilize existing prober configuration
  - No requirement to reconfigure and power cycle prober
  - Must support both GJG and GPIB protocols
- Must not impose performance penalty when running inline with existing tester platform
- Must support stand-alone (no tester) mode

# Hardware (Stand-alone)



Same size as Desktop PC

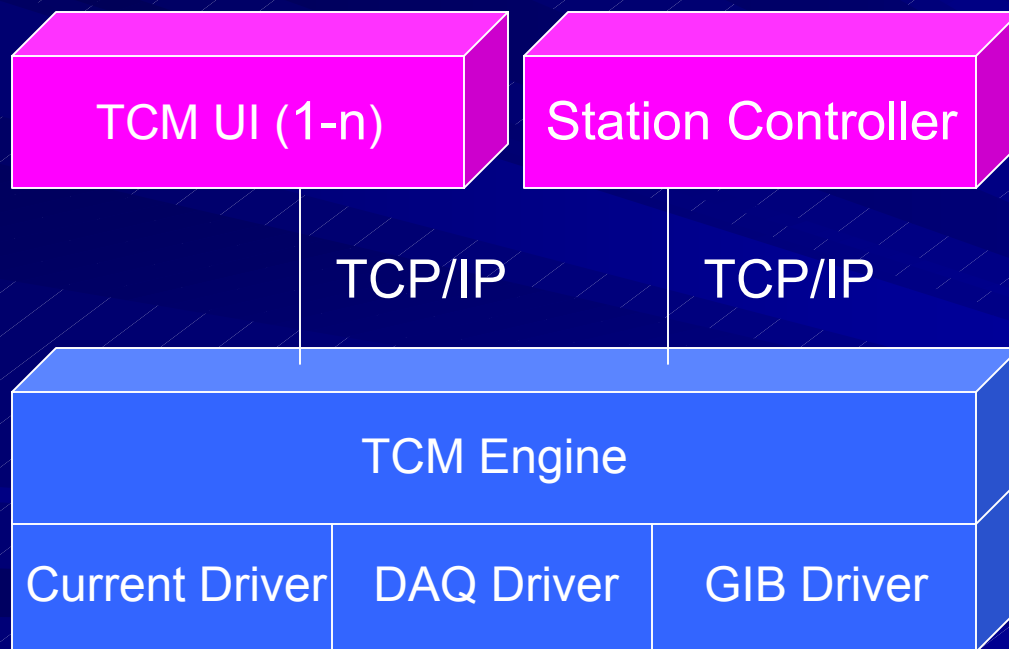
# Software

## TCM UI:

- May run local or remote
- May run multiple instances

## Station Controller:

- Overall process control
- Lot Introduction
- Interfaces to automation systems
- Manages material handling



## TCM Engine:

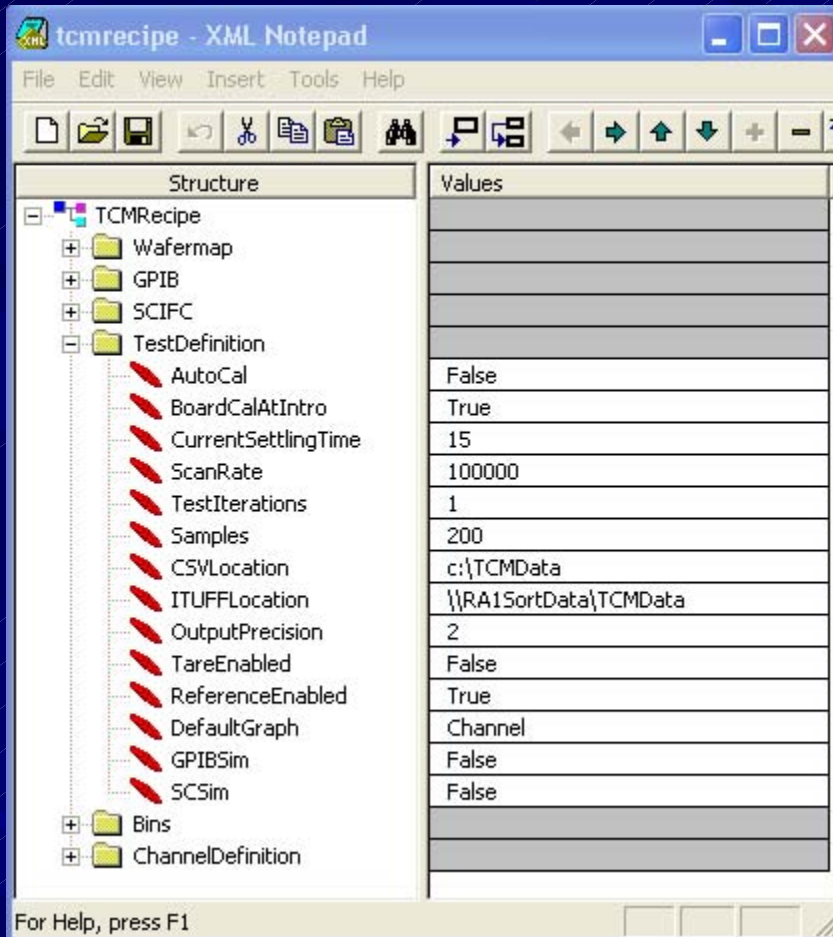
- SC Listener
- GPIB Listener
- Optional Prober Control
- DAQ
- Current Driver
- UI Data
- Saves Results Data

# Key TCM Features

- Automatic HW calibration before each lot introduction
- Configurable number of channels
- Channel-level configuration of DAQ I/O
- Channel-level compensation for total path resistance (single-ended mode)
- Configurable bin assignments based on opens, shorts, and CRES ranges
- Fully automated test capability driven from station controller
- Manual test capability using UI
- Multiple tests per die using different current levels
- Treatment of opens using specialized cabling and software compensation
- Real-time system health-check using reference resistor
- Configurable wafer map



# Configuration



■ TCM uses XML for configuration. Main groupings:

– Test

- Scan rate
- Current settling time
- Etc.

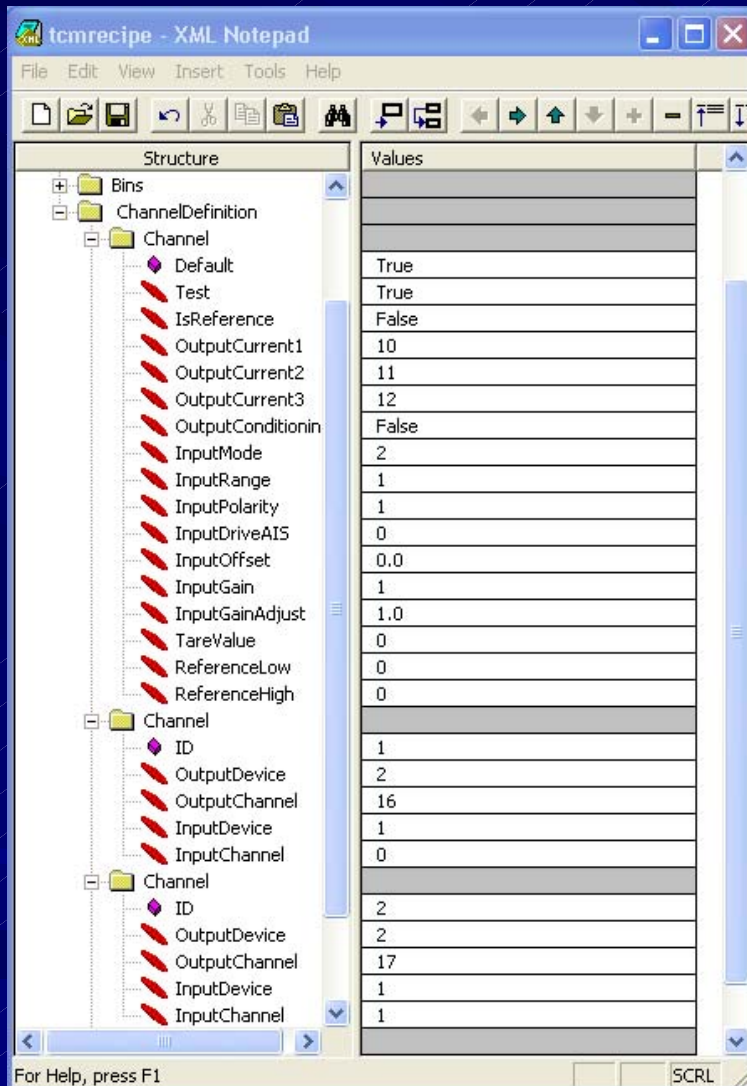
– Channel

- Current level
- Input to output pairing
- Etc.

– Bin

- CRES range mapping
- Error to Bin mapping
- Etc.

# Configuration, continued ...



■ TCM uses XML for configuration. Main groupings:

– Test

■ Scan rate

■ Current settling time

■ Etc.

– Channel

■ Current level

■ Input to output pairing

■ Etc.

– Bin

■ CRES range mapping

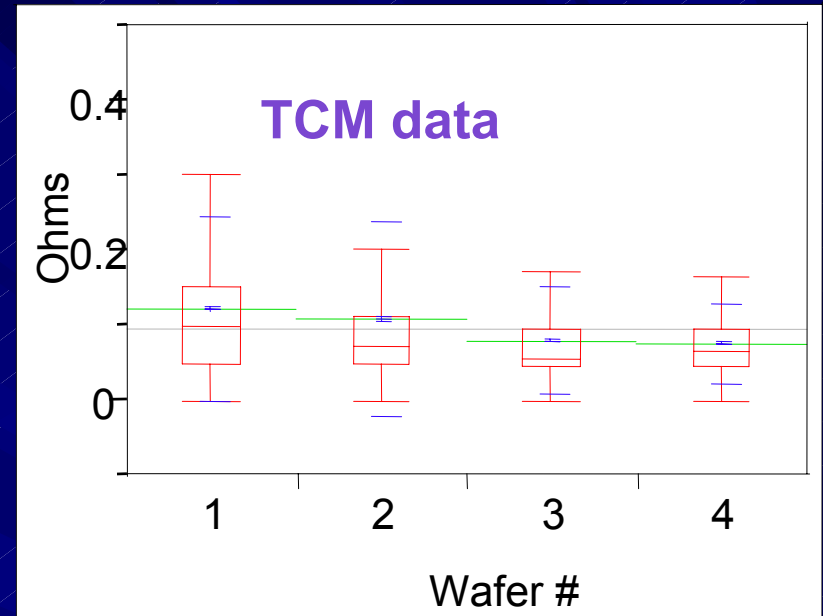
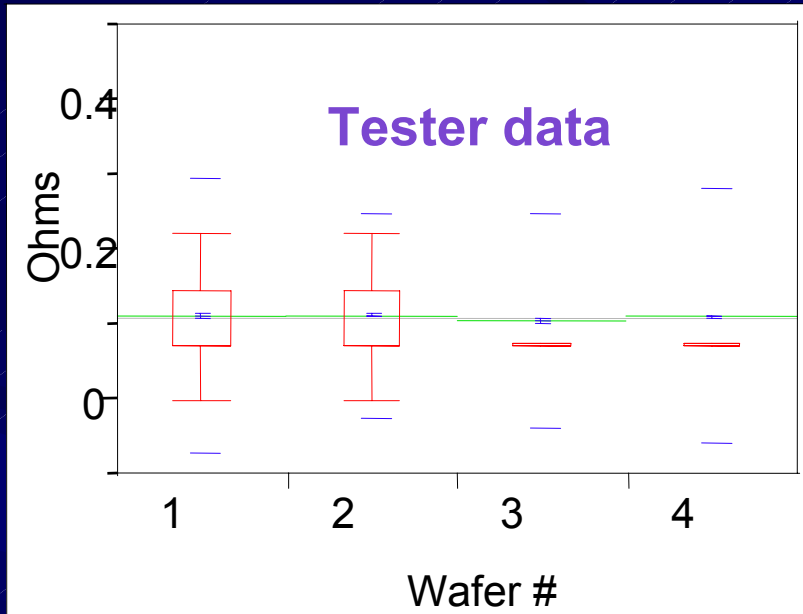
■ Errors to Bin mapping

■ Opens, Shorts, Etc.

# Initial Validation

- Measured 2-Ohm precision resistor (tolerance, .001%)
  - Measured result: 2.0025 ohms
  - Consistent when measuring 16 simultaneous channels (differential) versus just 1
  - The measured value + expected drift (between calibration) well within requirements
- Induced noise by wrapping unshielded cabling around monitor, then (separately) around running electric drill
  - Noise negated by averaging multiple samples (200) per measurement (250K S/s DAQ cards mitigate performance impact)
- Compared results using two measurement methods (standard tester platform)

# Analysis of Ohms By Wafer using 4 TV wafers

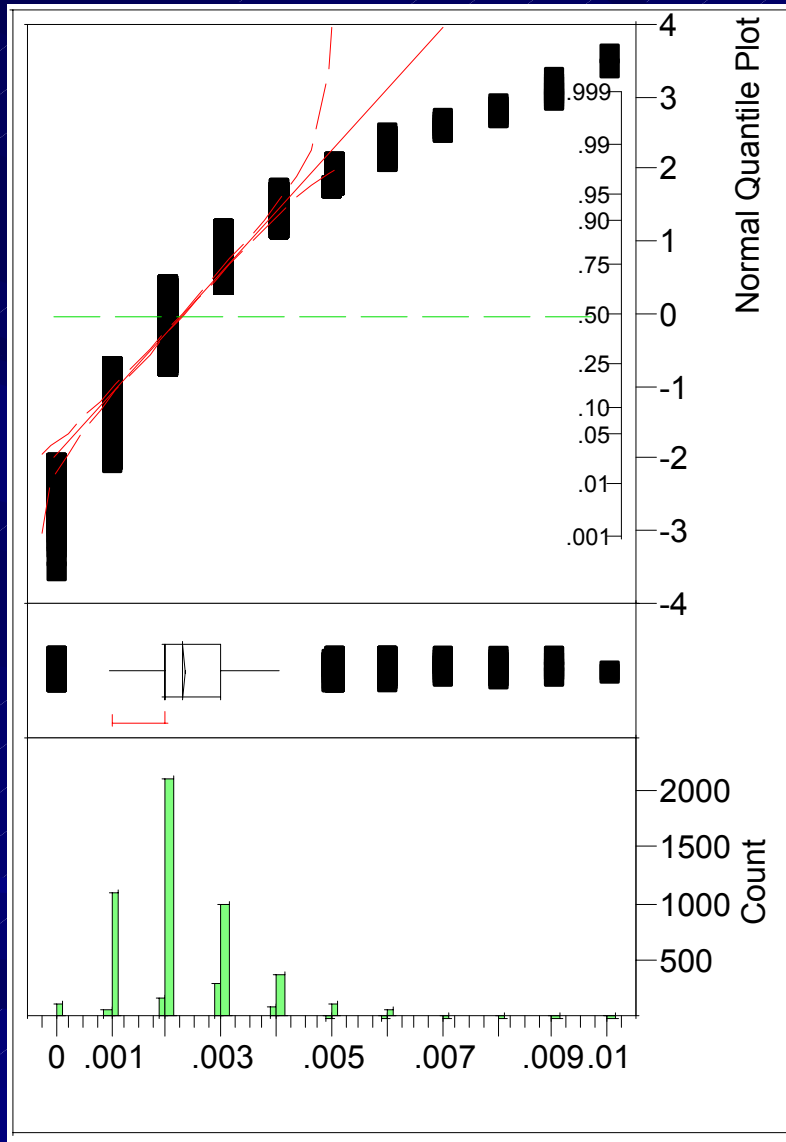


Wafer	Mean	Std Dev
W001	0.111867	0.183908
W002	0.111940	0.137013
W003	0.104789	0.143574
W004	0.110892	0.169242

Wafer	Mean	Std Dev
W001	0.122259	0.122908
W002	0.108477	0.129604
W003	0.079705	0.071401
W004	0.076153	0.05298

**Tester and TCM Measurements are Similar.**

# Distribution of Measurements on 16 Shorted Channels



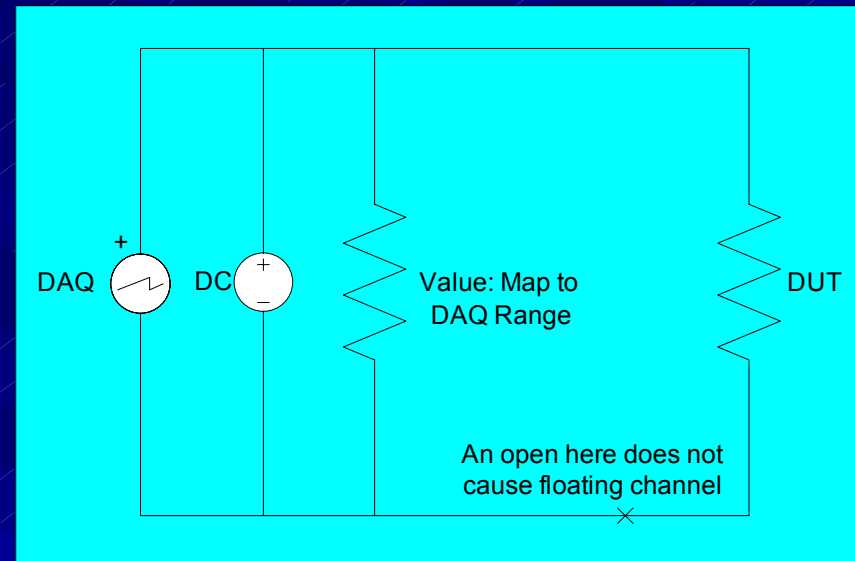
Resistance data was also collected on 16 shorted channels (TCM system). These numbers indicate that the equipment variation is minimal.

Mean	0.002305
Std Dev	0.0011832
Std Err Mean	0.0000159
upper 95% Mean	0.002336
lower 95% Mean	0.0022739

# Challenges ...

# Measuring Opens

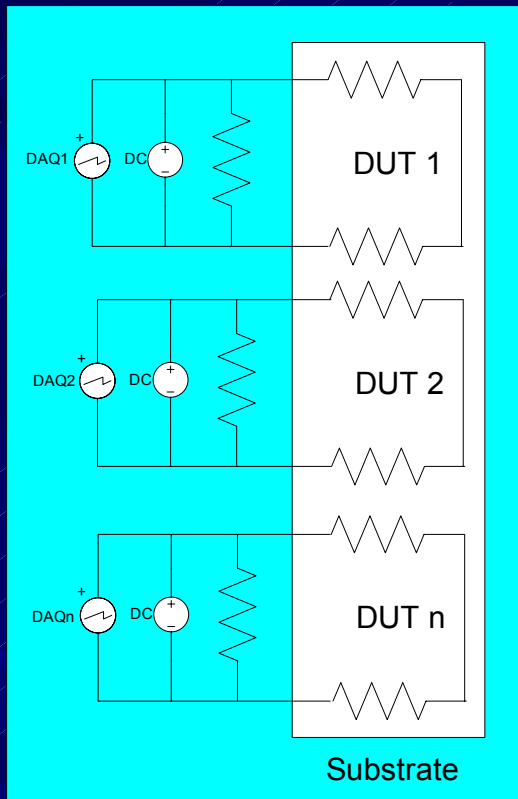
- For output, voltage is increased until desired current level is reached, up to 10V maximum (implementation-specific)
- When measuring opens, voltage rises above 10V maximum
  - Output channel shuts down
  - As a result, input channel floats
  - DAQ measurement on floating channel yields bogus data
- We built a PCB containing connector plugs and resistors to address this issue
  - We scan for opens ( $> 100 \text{ Ohm}$ ) for each die; added benefit: more accurate DAQ range mapping



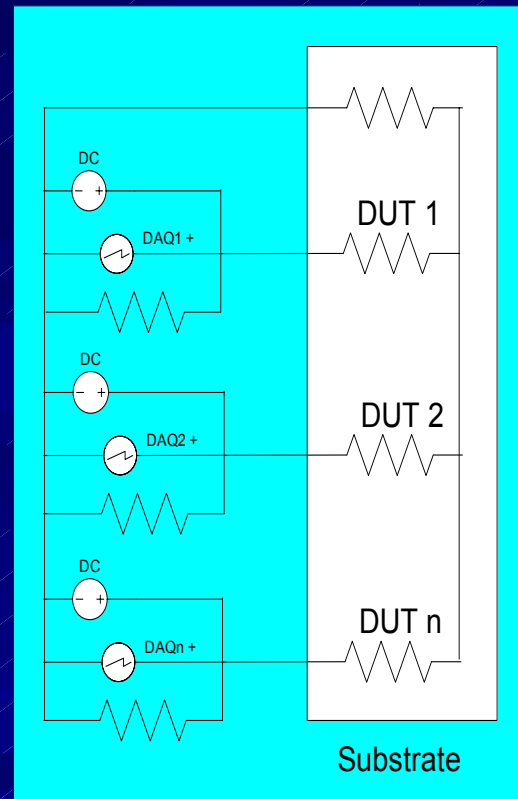
To compensate: We use resistors in-line with cabling to ensure we never read an open. Note: All other components available off-the-shelf

# Single-end configuration surprises

Differential:  
Ideal



Single-ended:  
Possible, but not ideal



Single-ended yields higher channel density

- Balance between performance, cost, and accuracy
- For single-ended
  - Ground loop issues may arise. Check wiring and configuration (i.e., mode)
  - Use fewer “hot” channels when sharing common ground; better accuracy, but must consider 15ms current settling time impact
  - Must factor path resistance

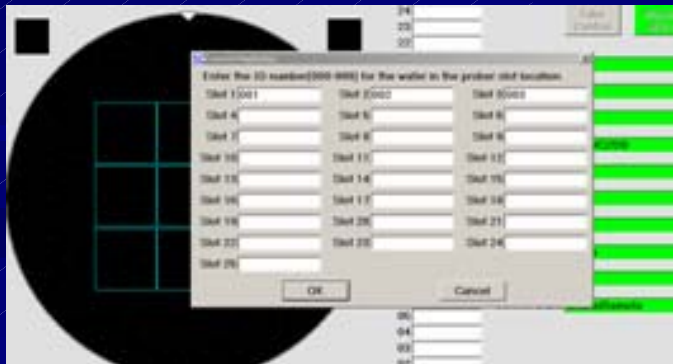
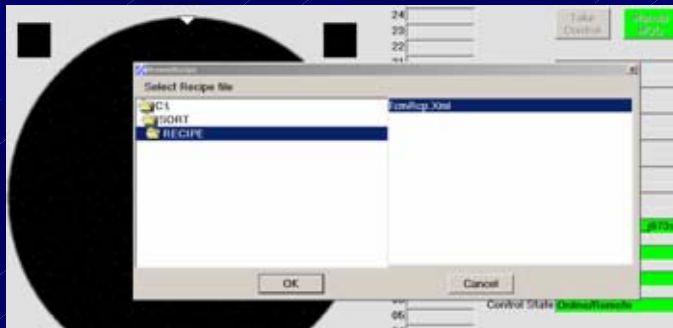


# Summary

- We developed a low-cost test solution meeting our success criteria
  - 1/10<sup>th</sup> Ohm accuracy
    - actual was 1/20<sup>th</sup> ohm for single-ended, a worse-case scenario
    - Path resistance was factored in software
  - Tested 128 channels in less than 500ms
  - Used scalable DAQ platform
  - Full integration with prober
  - Full integration with automation systems
  - Multiple output formats, including simple Excel .CSV
  - Included and validated out-of-control capability
  - Real-time graphical data display
- Development time was minimal
- Tool allows performing probe card characterization in labs not previously equipped for such work
  - Including internal Probe Card validation
  - Including suppliers to characterize Probe Cards

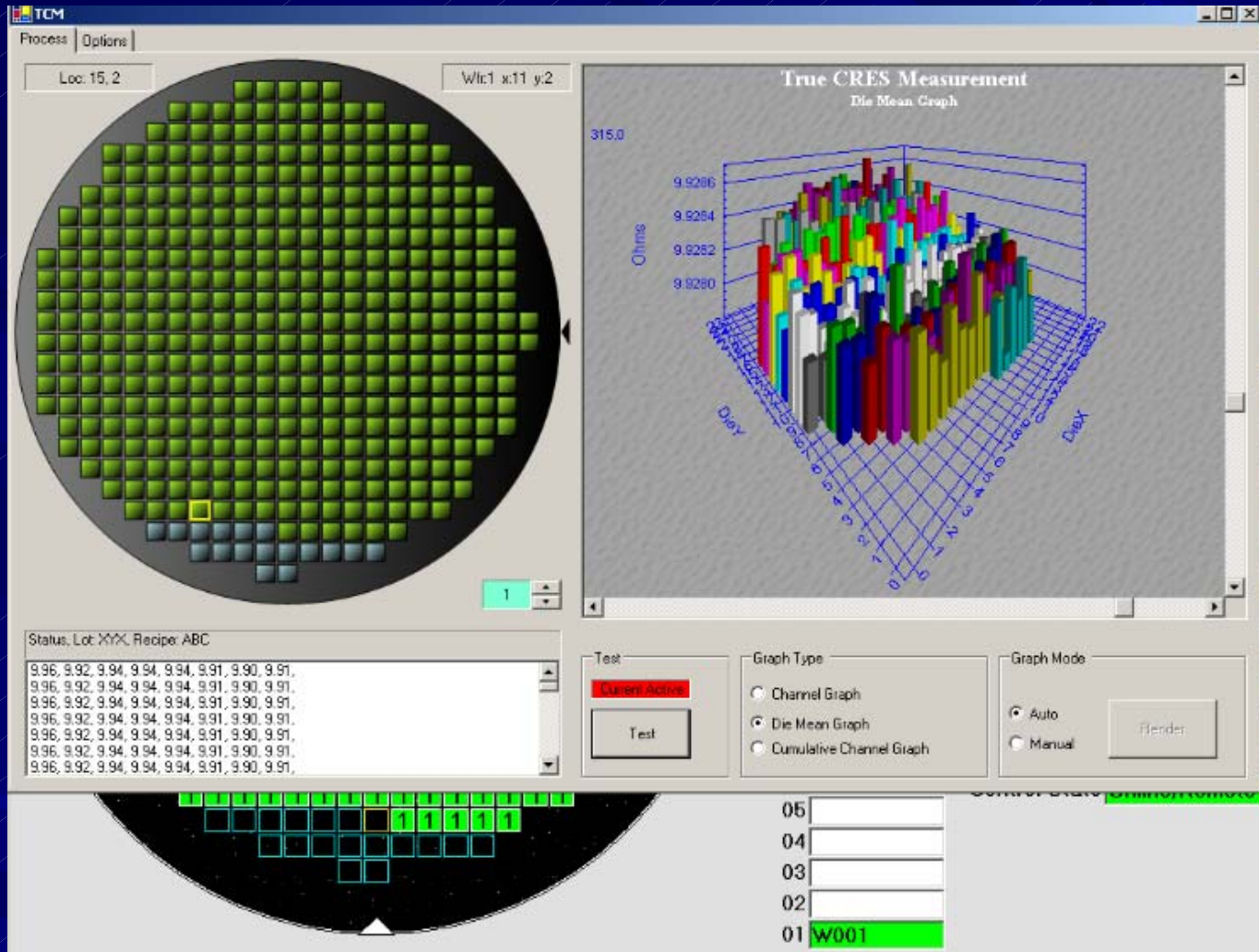
# TCM Screen Shots

# Introducing a Lot



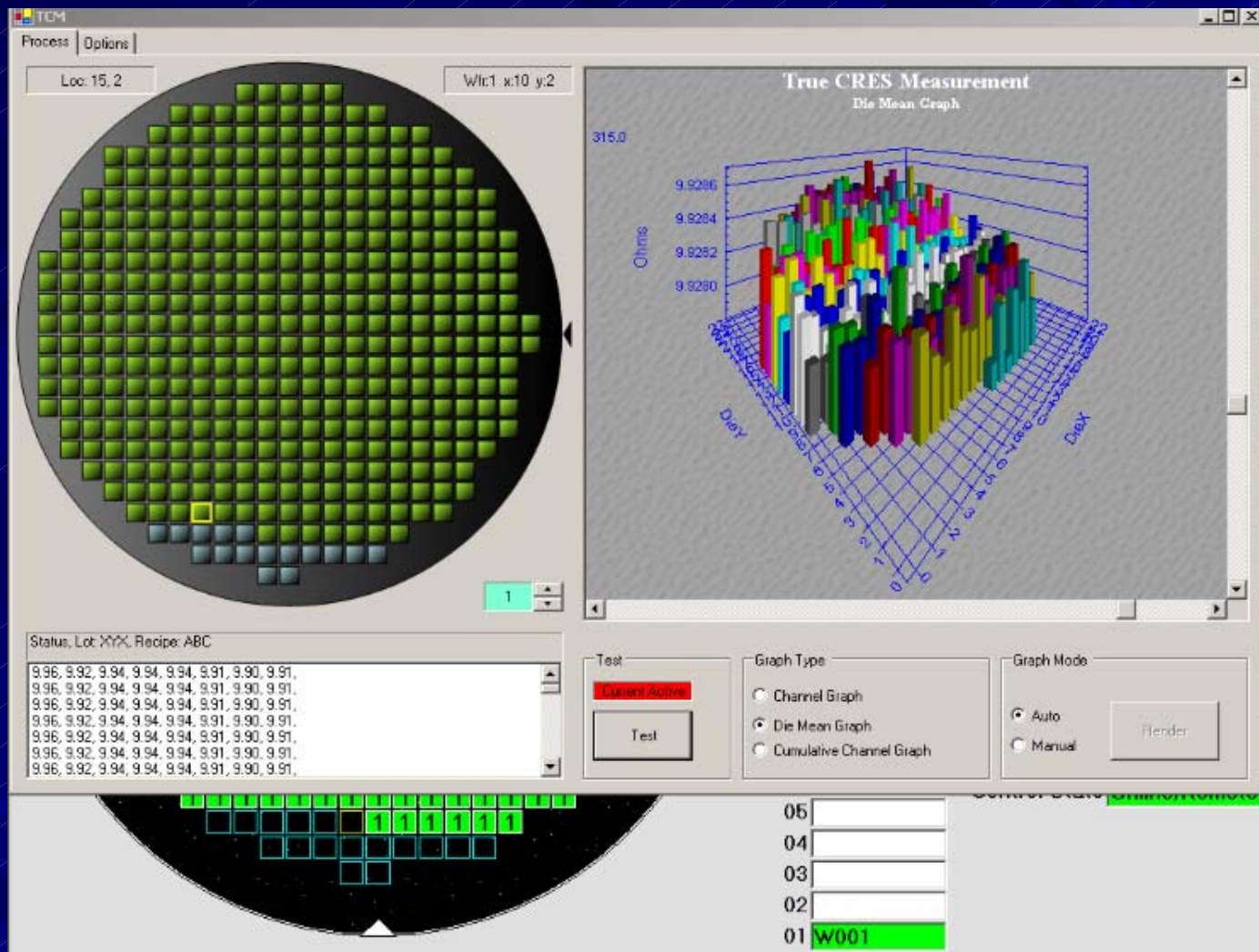
- Station controller views TCM as a standard tester platform
- Lot introduction uses standard dialogs for lot, recipe, and slot selection
  - Or integrates with other automation systems for these data

# TCM w/Die Mean Graph (1)



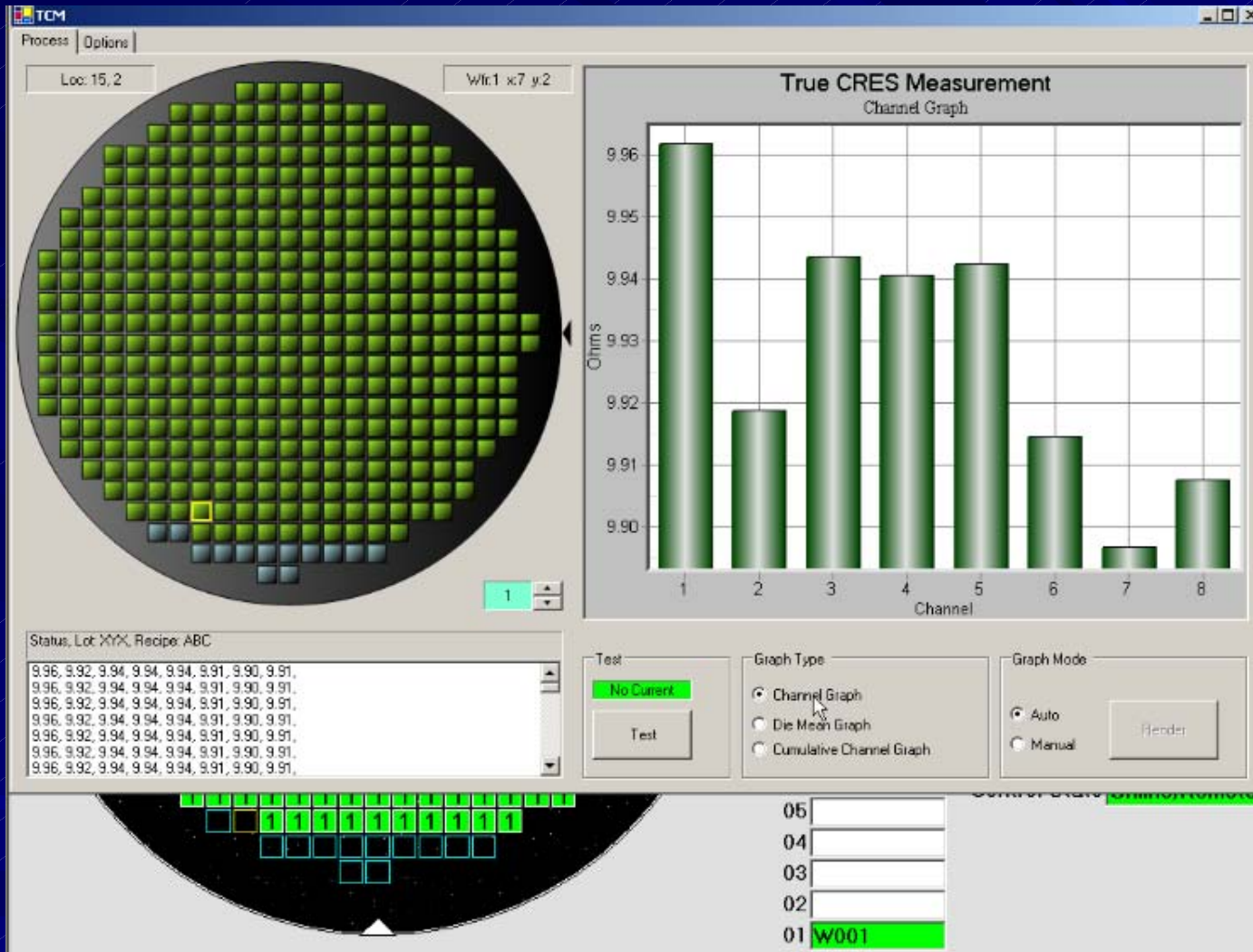
Note: measuring resistors of known value

# TCM w/Die Mean Graph (2)



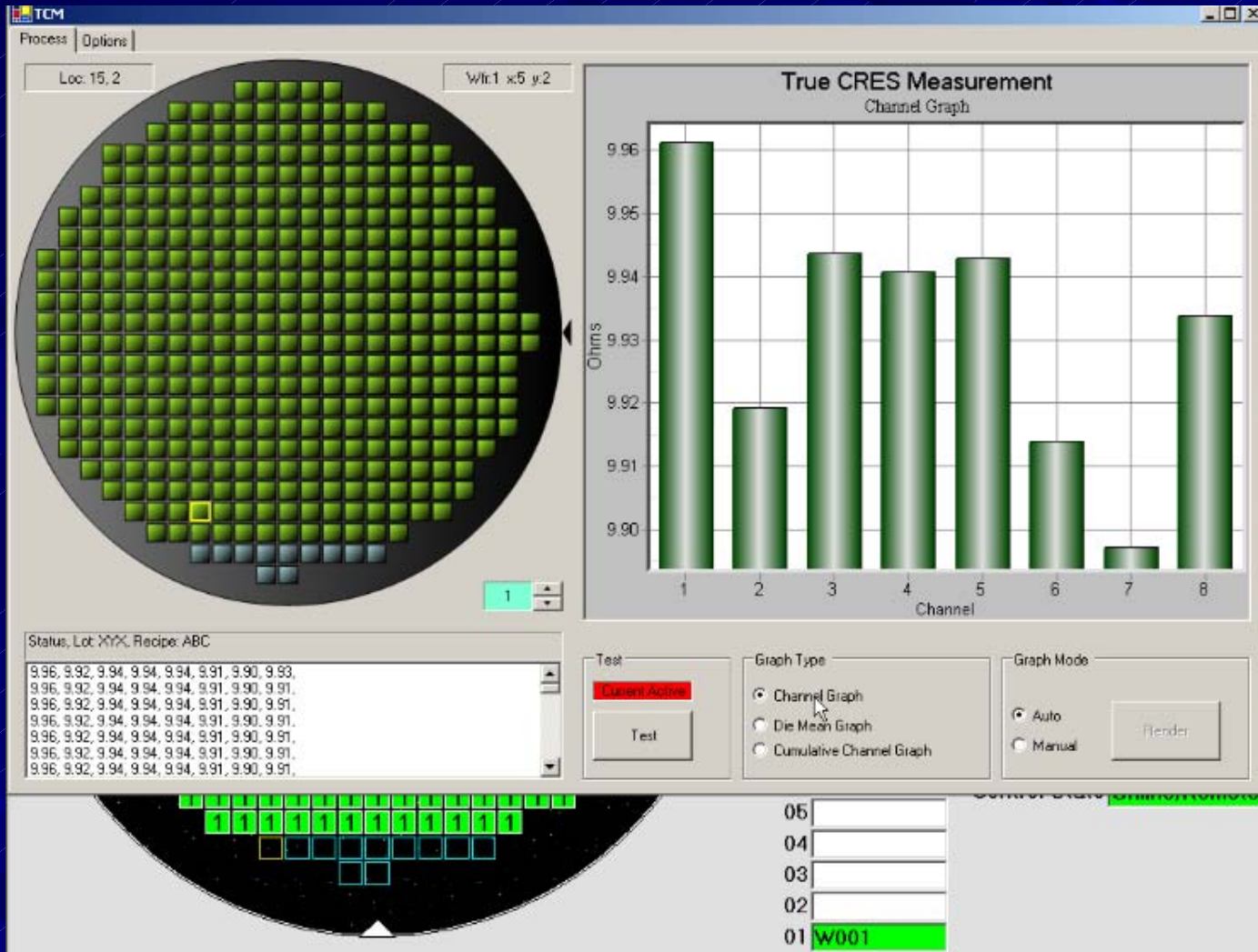
Note: measuring resistors of known value

# TCM w/Channel Graph



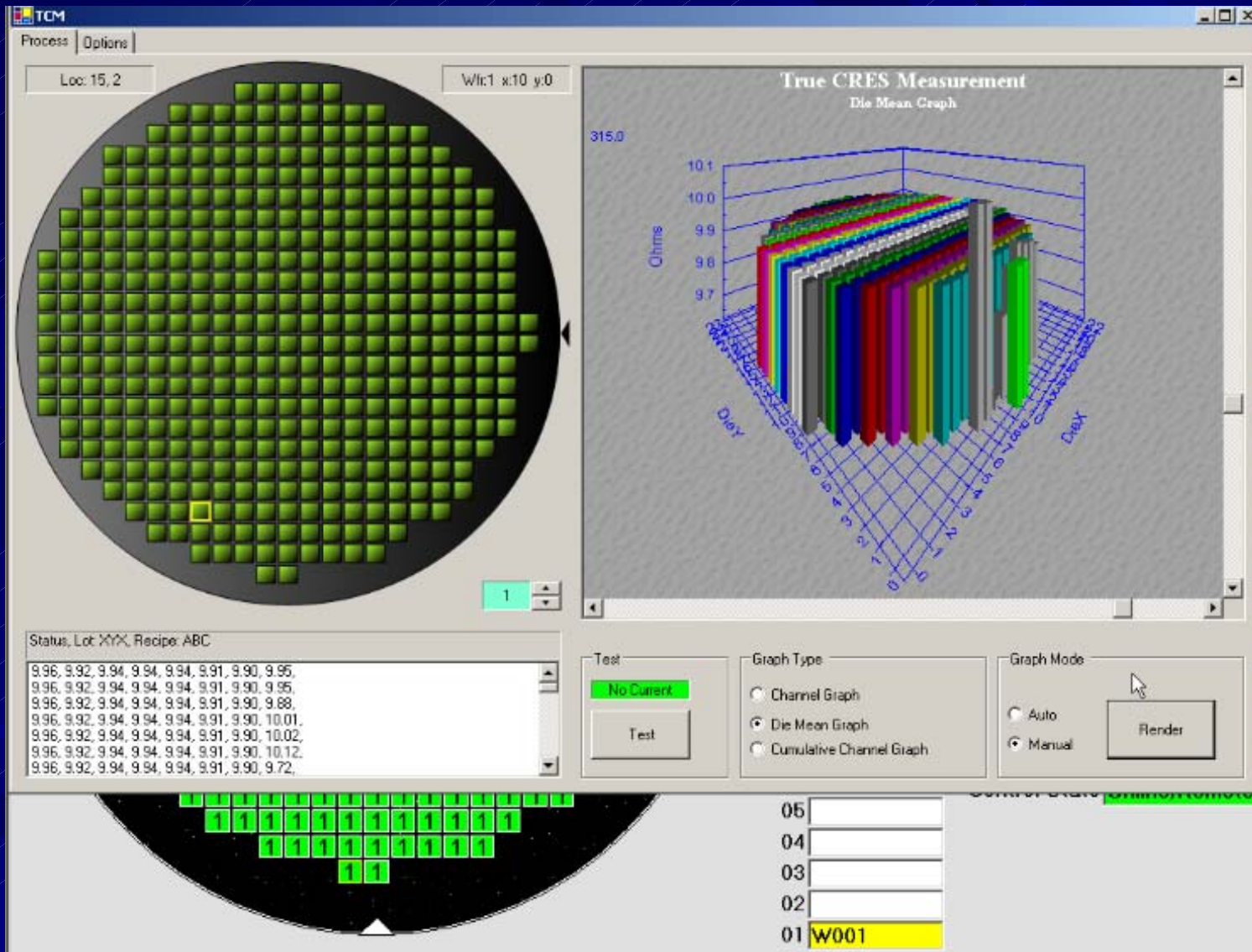
Note: measuring resistors of known value

# TCM / Adjusting Channel 8



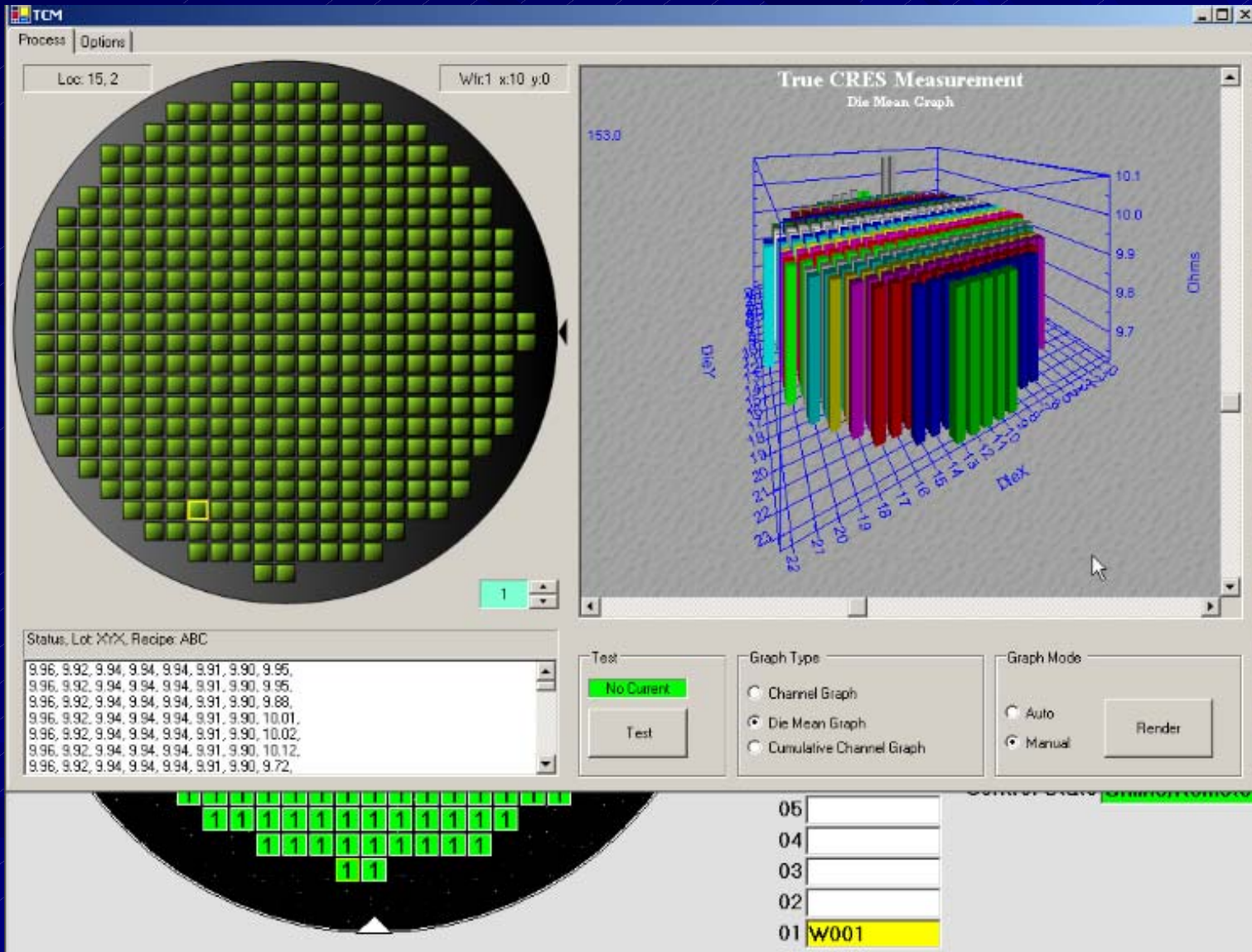
Channel 8 wired with variable resistor

# TCM / Rotating Die Mean Graph (1)





# TCM / Rotating Die Mean Graph (2)



# TCM / Graph Options

The screenshot displays the TCM software interface. At the top, the 'Process' tab is active, showing 'Options' and 'Loc: 0, 12'. A 'Wfr:1 x:11 y:27' label is visible. The main window is titled 'True CRES Measurement Channel Graph'. A 'True CRES Measurement Customization...' dialog box is open, showing various settings for the graph. The 'General' tab is selected, with 'Main Title' set to 'True CRES Measurement' and 'Sub Title' set to 'Channel Graph'. The 'Border Style' is set to '3D Inset', and the 'Viewing Style' is set to 'Color'. The 'Numeric Precision' is set to 1, and the 'Grid Lines' are set to 'Both'. The 'Display' is set to 'Graph'. The 'Graph' shows a bar chart with green bars representing data points across channels 24 to 120. The 'Test' section shows 'No Current' and a 'Test' button. The 'Graph Type' section has 'Channel Graph' selected. The 'Graph Mode' section has 'Auto' selected and a 'Render' button.

TCM

Process Options

Loc: 0, 12

Wfr:1 x:11 y:27

True CRES Measurement Customization...

General Plot Subsets Points Axis Font Color Style

Main Title: True CRES Measurement  Show Annotations

Sub Title: Channel Graph

Border Style

No Border  Line

Shadow  3D Inset

Numeric Precision

0  1  2  3

Viewing Style

Color

Monochrome

Monochrome + Symbols

Font Size

Large  Medium  Small

Grid Lines

Both  Y  X  None

Grid in front of data

Display

Graph  Table  Both

OK Cancel Apply Help Export... Maximize...

True CRES Measurement Channel Graph

Channel

Status, Lot: XYX, Recipe: ABC

1.72, 1.71, 1.78, 1.75, 1.79, 1.72, 1.75, 1.80, 1.77, 1.74, 1.72, 1.71, 1.80, 1.71, 1.73, 1.78

Test

No Current

Test

Graph Type

Channel Graph

Dje Mean Graph

Cumulative Channel Graph

Graph Mode

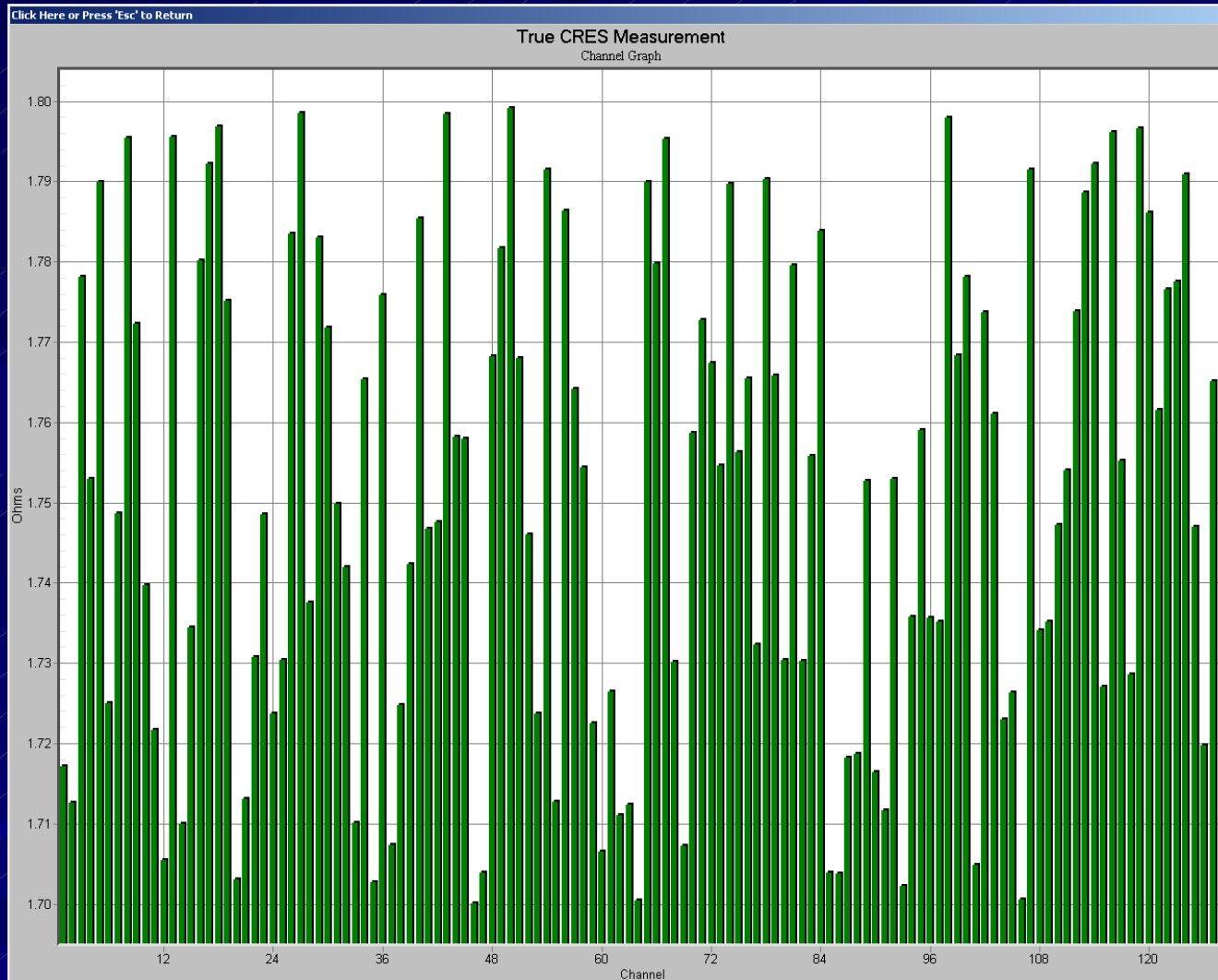
Auto

Manual

Render

Note: simulated data on this slide

# TCM / Maximized Graph



Note: simulated data on this slide

Questions?

# Backup

# Hardware (Inline)

