IEEE SW Test Workshop Semiconductor Wafer Test Workshop

> June 7-10, 2009 San Diego, CA



High Speed 3D Probe Mark Inspection



Brad Lawrence Aceris-3D, Montreal

Introduction

- Implementing a high speed 3D laser scanning technique to enable high throughput measurements of probe mark depths across 100% of the wafer.
 - Enable monitoring of potential compromises of the integrity of underlying pad materials.
 - Identify probe card excursions
 - Fast probe card requalification
- Bring a fully automated solution
- Close the gap between slow 3D analytical techniques and second order 2D strategies.



Objective

- Apply a 3D scanning laser to a probed wafer to determine the feasibility of high speed depth profiling.
- Determine the scanning resolution requirements to bring consistent results.
- Concentrate on the metrology. Use main stream probing technology early in its touch down life cycle.



3D Laser Measurement Methodology

- Laser diode incidences off a Field of View and onto a CIS camera.
- The reflection of several laser lines stacked in the Z axis, parallel to the surface are captured by the CIS.
- Quickly determines Z baseline depth (e.g. bond pad level).
- A relative Z scale is determined across the wafer including probe.



L - 3D Height in Color Scale R - Intensity Reflection Image



June 7 to 10, 2009



Relative Z Baseline





June 7 to 10, 2009

Probe Depth Measurements





Probe Depth Measurements





Probe Marks



Raw data:
X Resolution: 1.96 um/pixel
Y Resolution: 2 um/line





Probe Marks: Right Pad





- Height Image (left) and Intensity Image (right)
- A good height pixel has a significant intensity (in intensity image).
- > The height position:
 - Pad: ~ between 11.5 and 12.5 um
 - Probe Mark: ~ between 10.7 and 11.5 um
 - High artifacts: greater than 12.8 um
 - Low artifacts: lower than 10.5 um



Probe Marks: Right Pad



 Pink area on left are pixels that are too high. These fall in weak intensity area (see on right).
 Range: greater than 12.5 um.





- Pink area on left are the in the Pad height range.
- Range: 11.5 to 12.5 um.



- Pink area on the left are the pixels that we suspect to give the probe mark depth.
- Range: 10.5 to 11.5 um.



- Pink area on left are pixels that are too low. These fall in weak intensity area (see on right).
 - Range: lower than 10.5 um.





June 7 to 10, 2009

Probe Depths Around Die





June 7 to 10, 2009

Artifacts Due to Laser Angle





Selected Pads

June 7 to 10, 2009

Smoothed 3D Profile





June 7 to 10, 2009

Strengths / Weaknesses

- Relatively believable measurement variation across wafer.
- Throughput at presented resolution (4mm swath)
 - 15 WPH 150mm
 - 8 WPH 200mm
 - 5 WPH 300mm
- Throughput at 6mm swath (Adequate resolution with presented probe footprint)
 - 30 WPH 150mm
 - 16 WPH 200mm
 - 10 WPH 300mm

Artifacts must be understood

- Comparison of Height map to Intensity map



Thank You



June 7 to 10, 2009