



IEEE SW Test Workshop

Semiconductor Wafer Test Workshop



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Gunther Boehm
Feinmetall GmbH

Hot-Spot: High Temperature Probing Challenges of wafer probing beyond 150°C

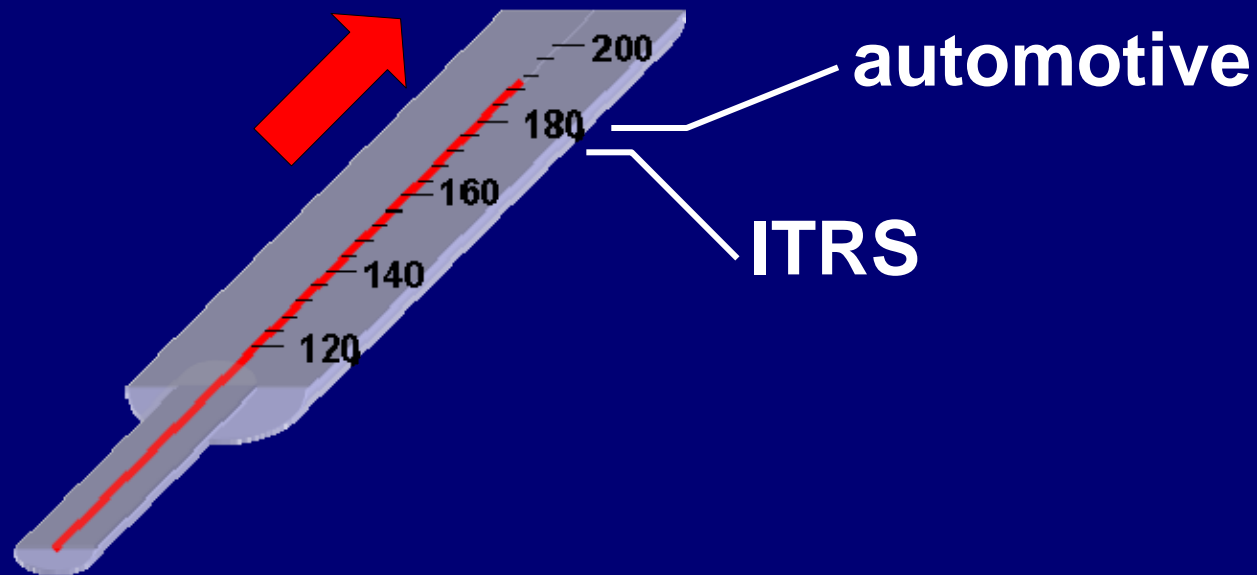


FEINMETALL
Contact technologies for electronics

June 7-10, 2009
San Diego, CA USA

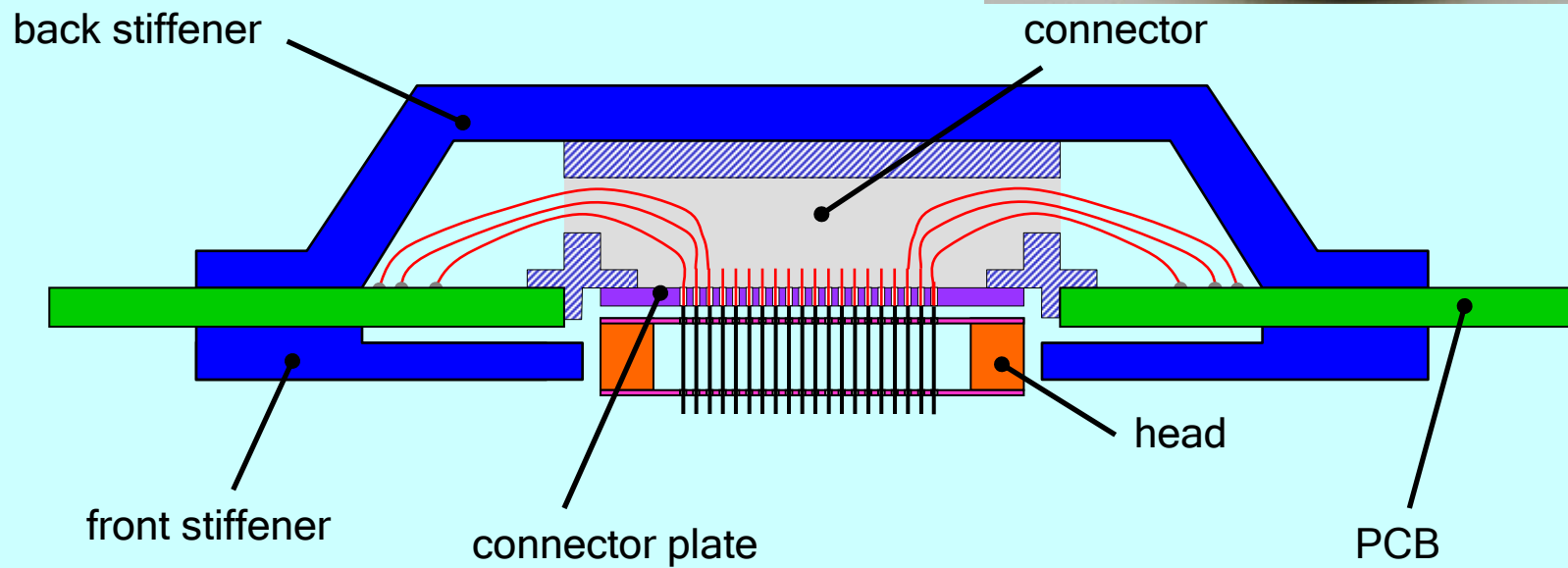
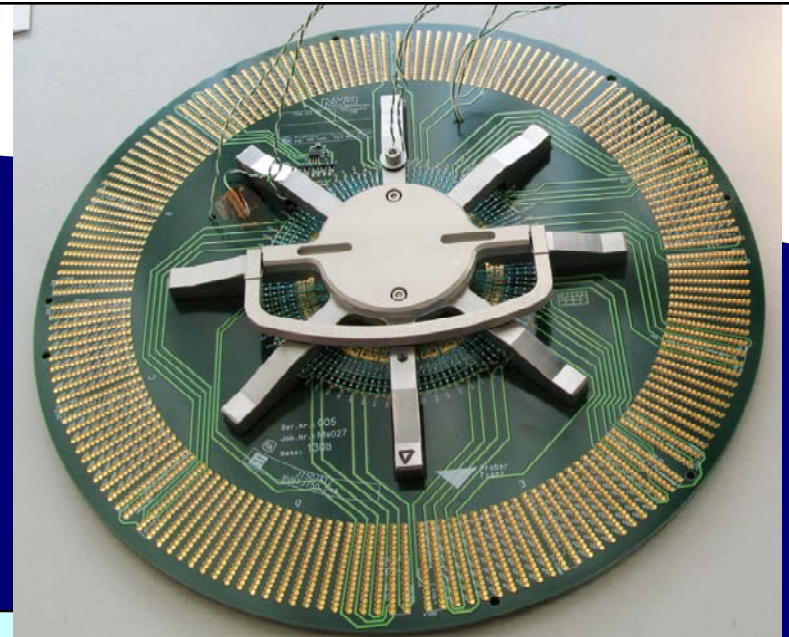
Demand on High Temperature Probe Cards

- ITRS-Roadmap max. test temperature demand: -55°C
→ $+175^{\circ}\text{C}$
- automotive industrie requests higher test temperatures: -40°C → $+180^{\circ}\text{C}$
- trend to large footprint multi DUT testing at high temperatures

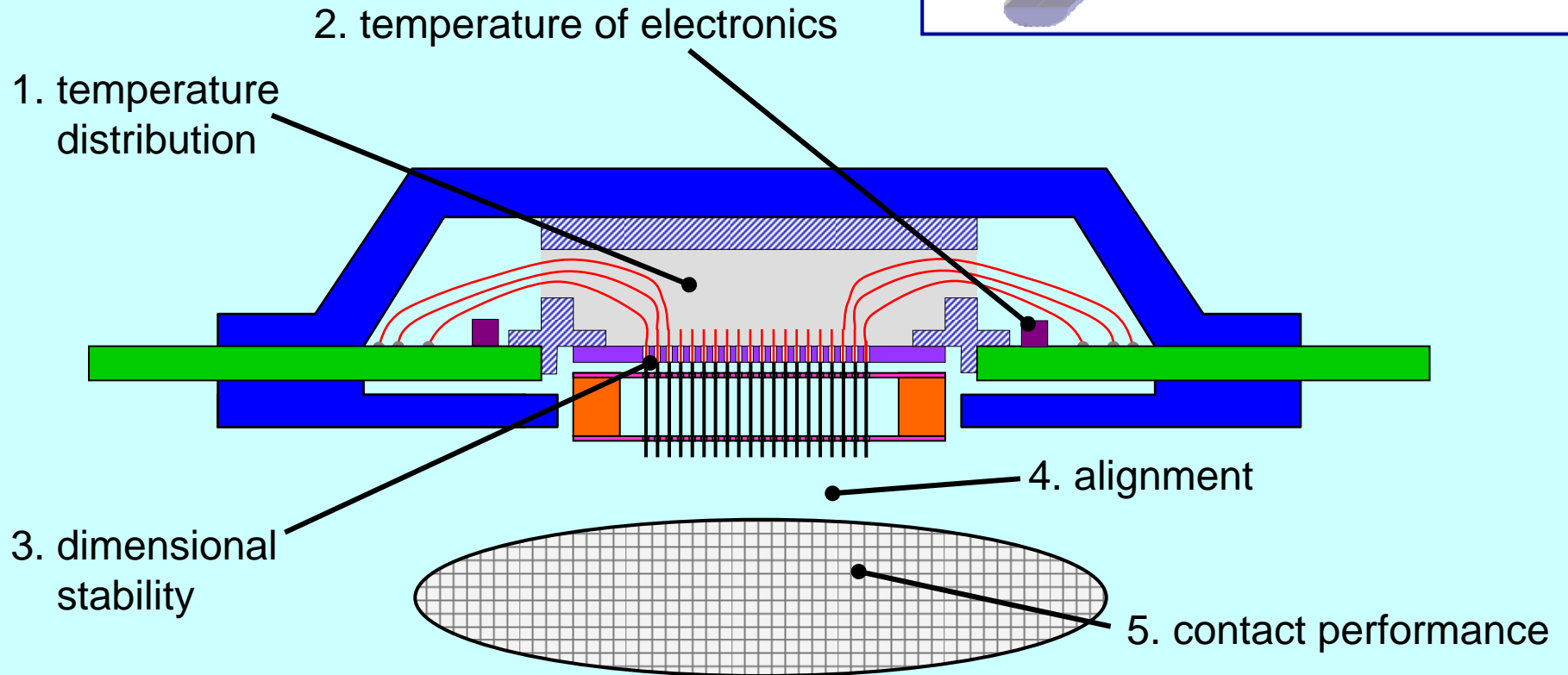
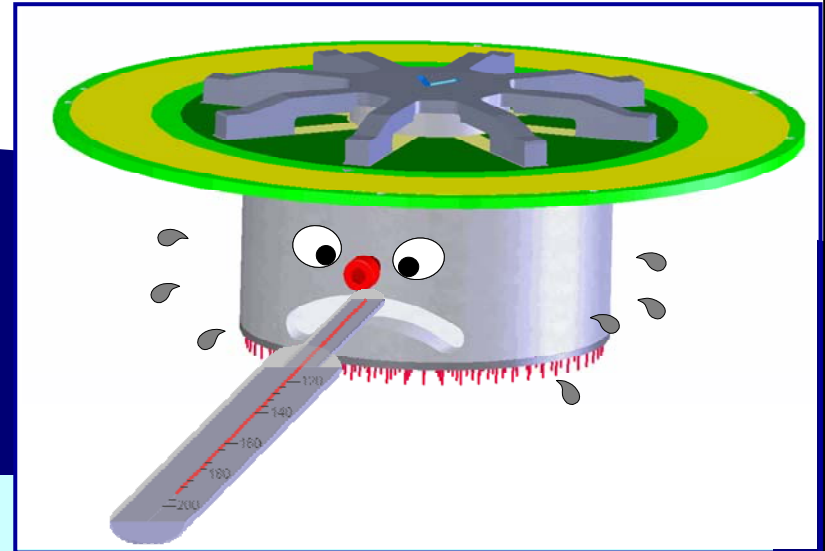


Wired Connector

wired card:

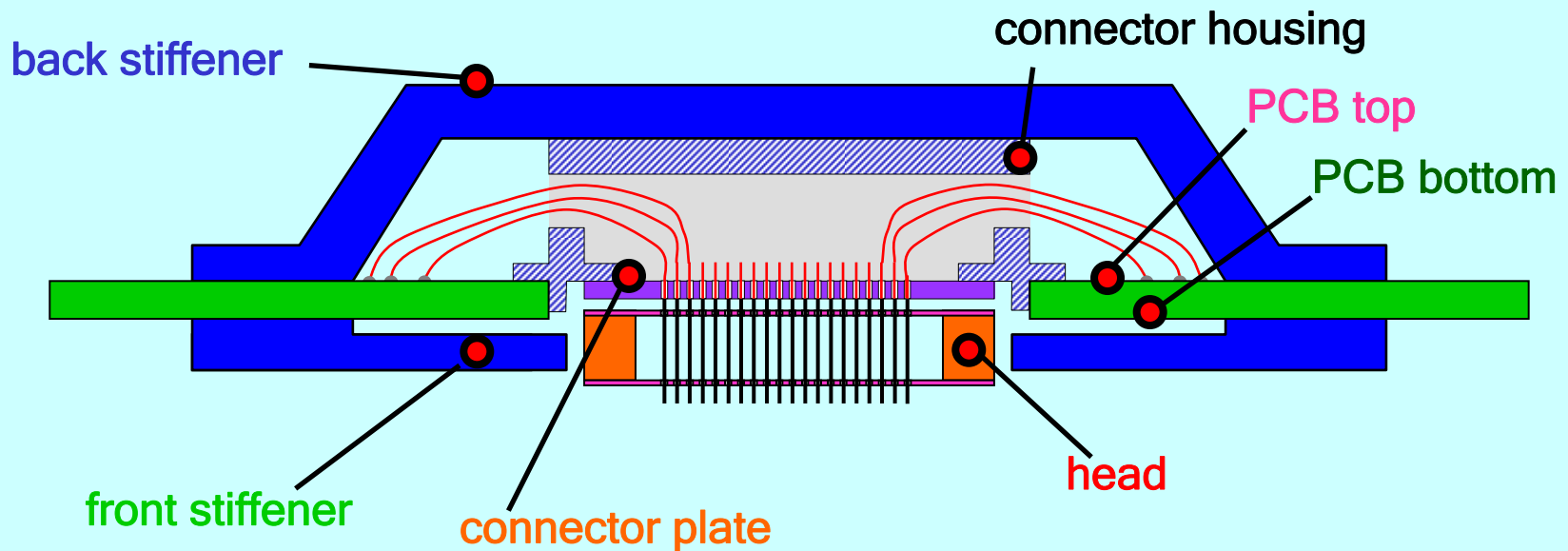
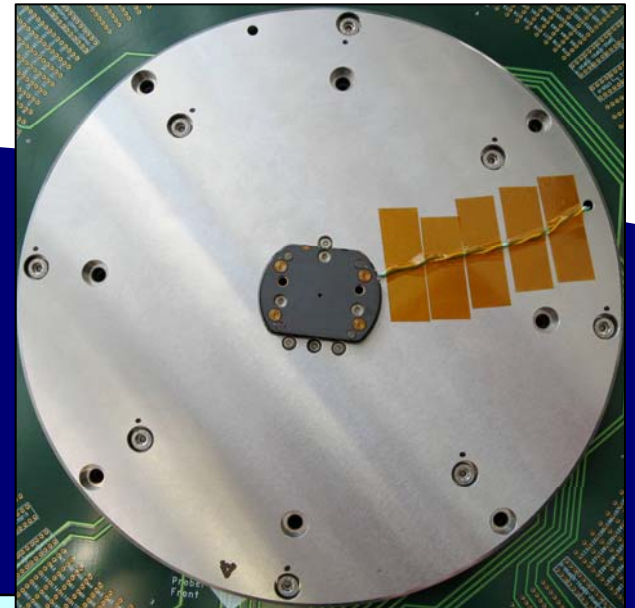


Probing Challenges at 180°C wafer temperature



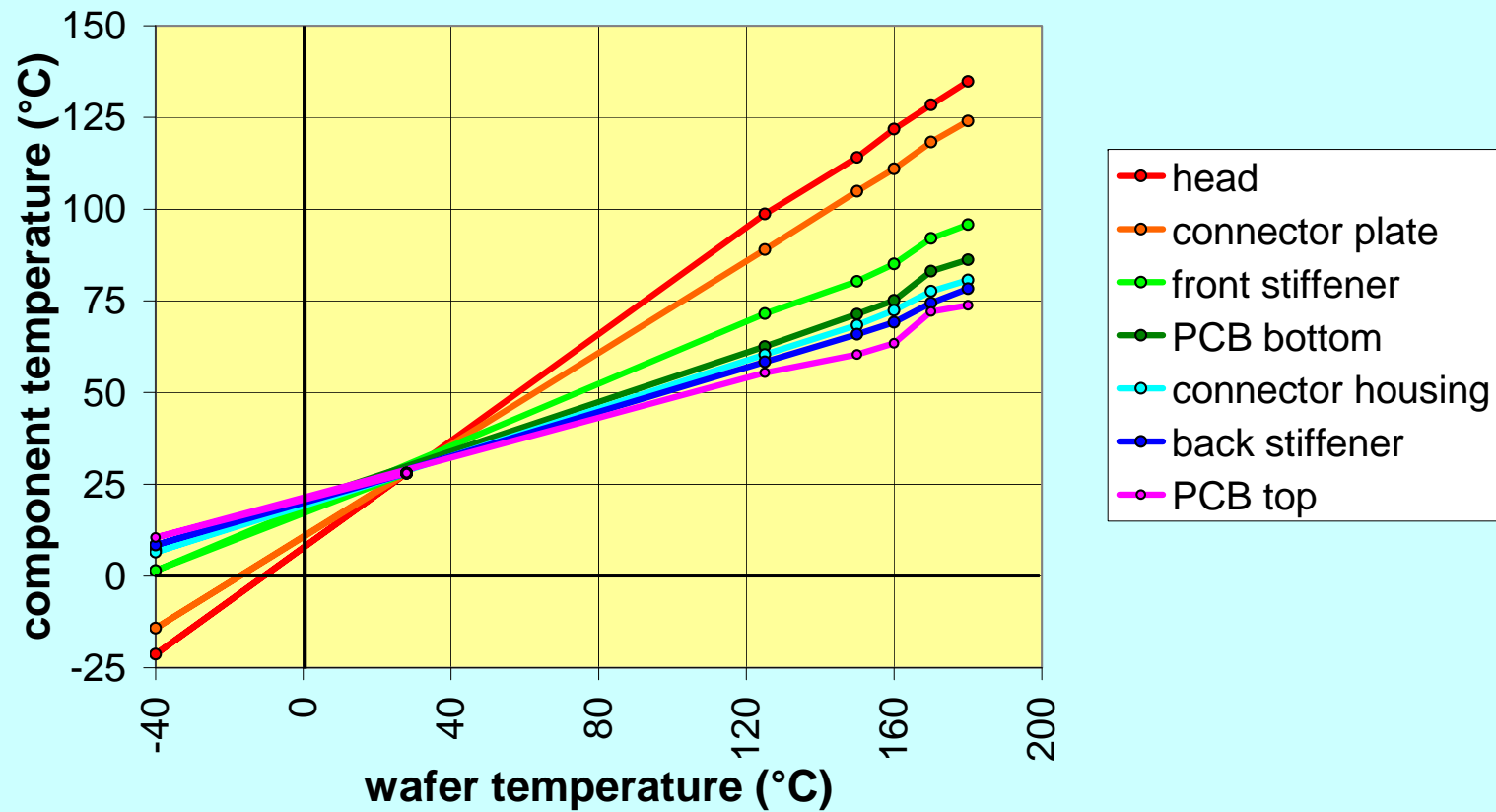
1. Temperature Measurements within the Probecard

temperature sensor locations:



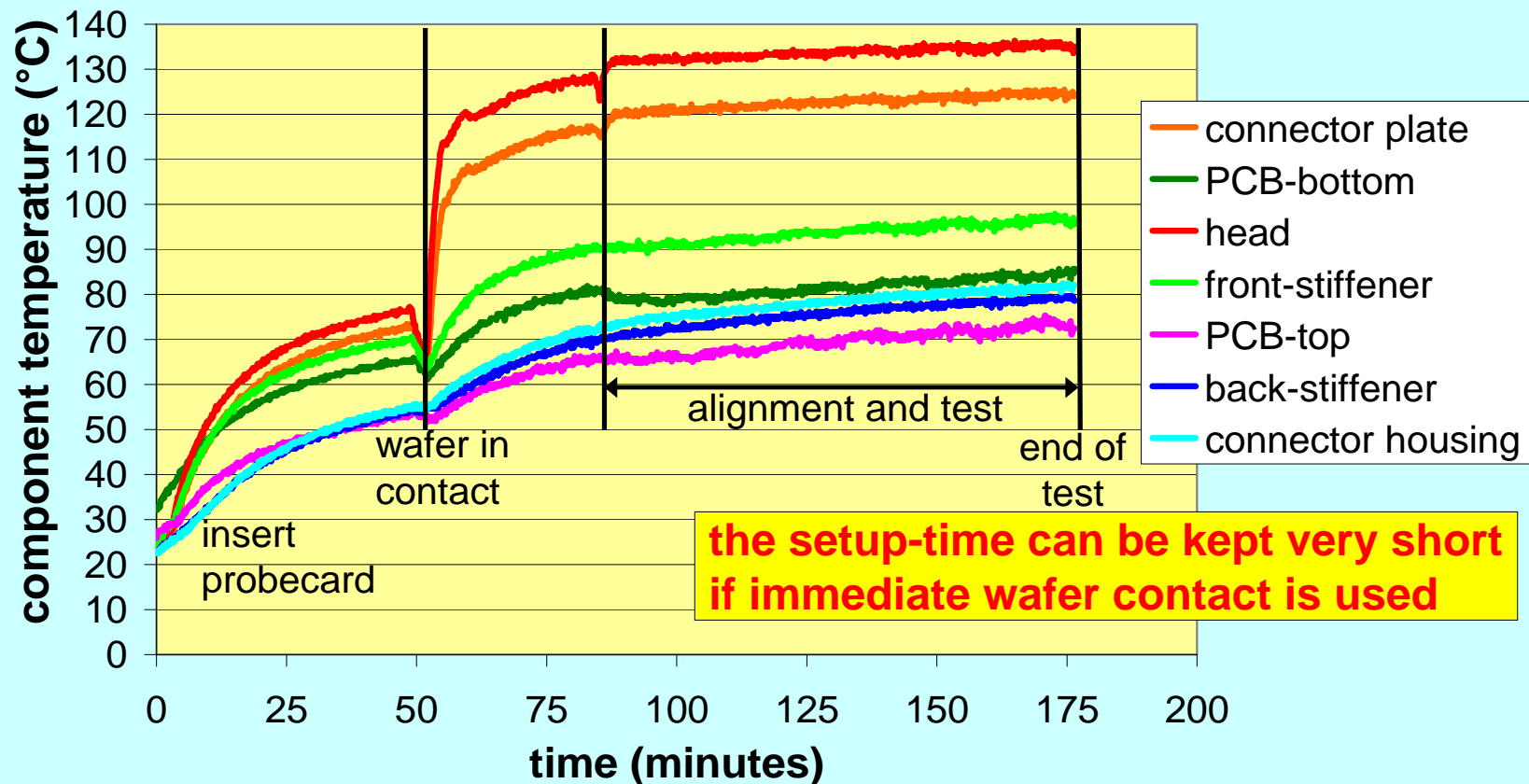
1. Temperature Measurements within the Probecard

component temperature vs. wafer temperature



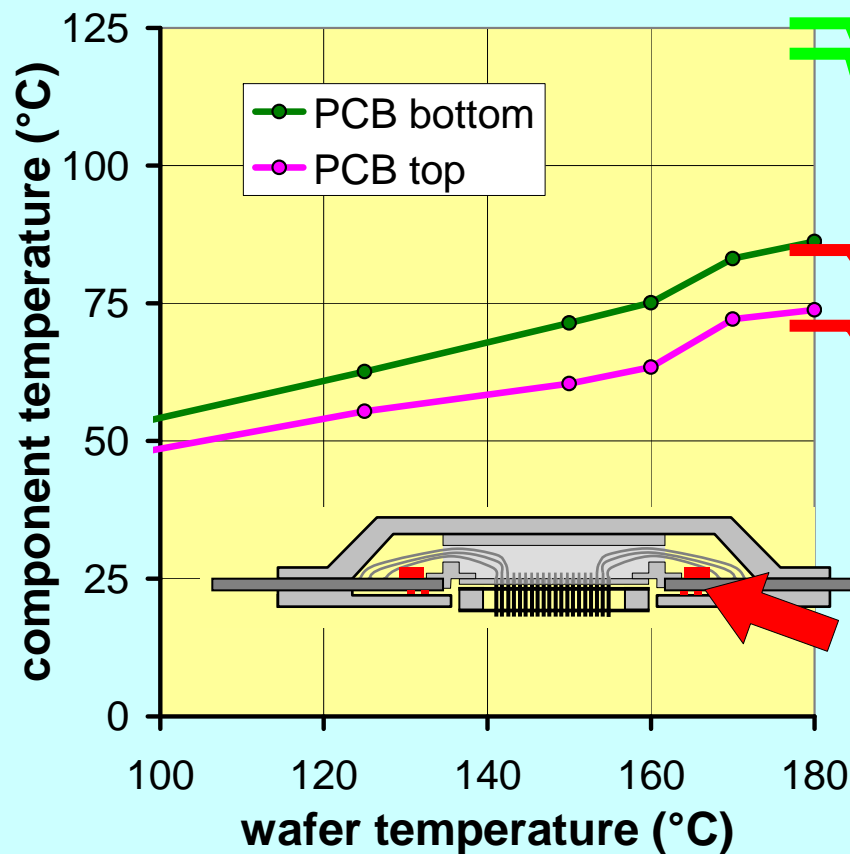
1. Temperature Rise within the Probecard

probecard warmup: 180°C wafer temperature
W15x17 /J750 on UF3000 prober



2. Probecard Electronics Temperature Limit

component temperature vs. wafer temperature

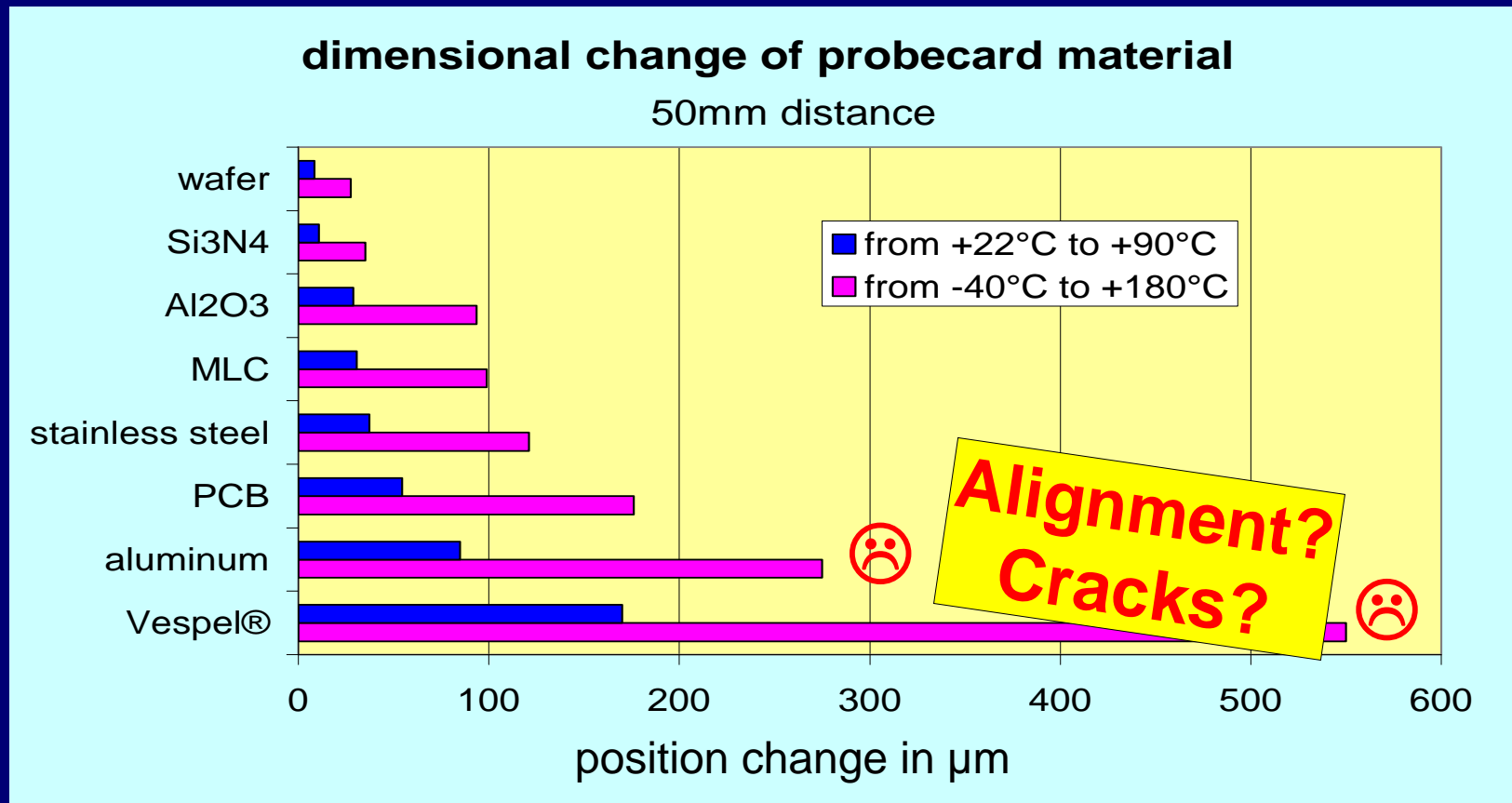


component type	max. temp.
semi conductor	>125°C
resistor	
ceramic capacitor	125°C
relay	85°C
clock	<85°C

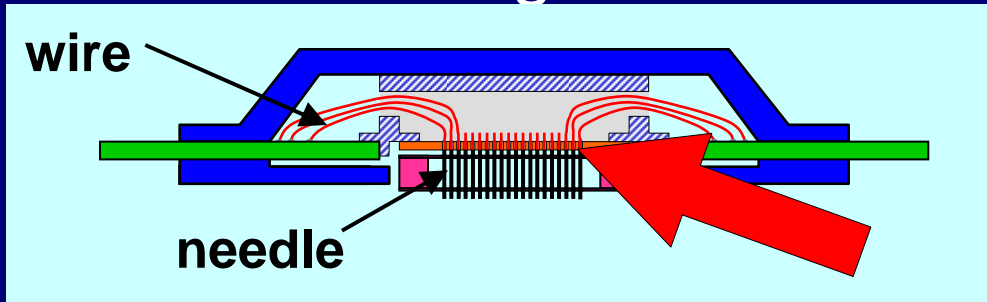
selection and location of electronic components on the probecard with respect to their max. temperature limit

3. Dimensional Changes of Wafer and Probecard

Many traditional probecard materials are insufficient for high temperature probing.

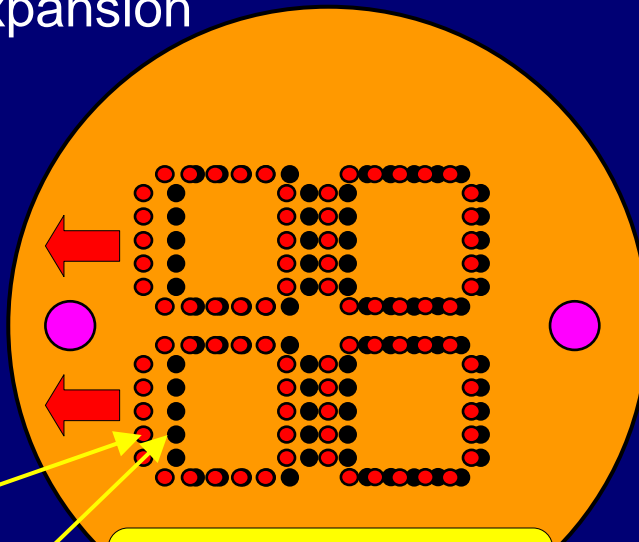


3. Needle – Connector Alignment

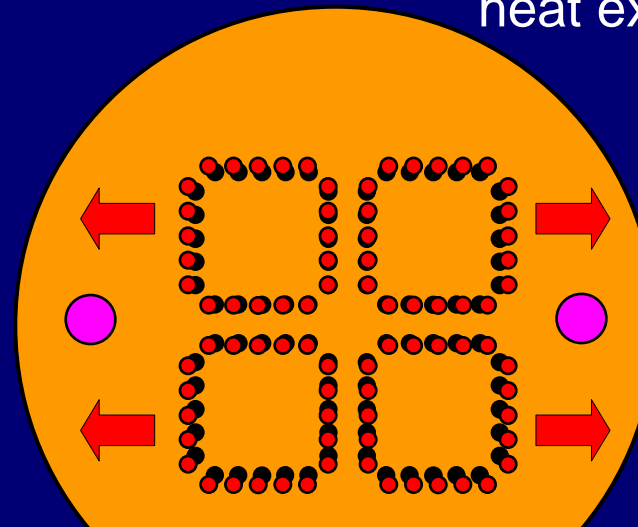


old style
heat expansion

new design
heat expansion



**Vespel – ceramic
non symmetric**

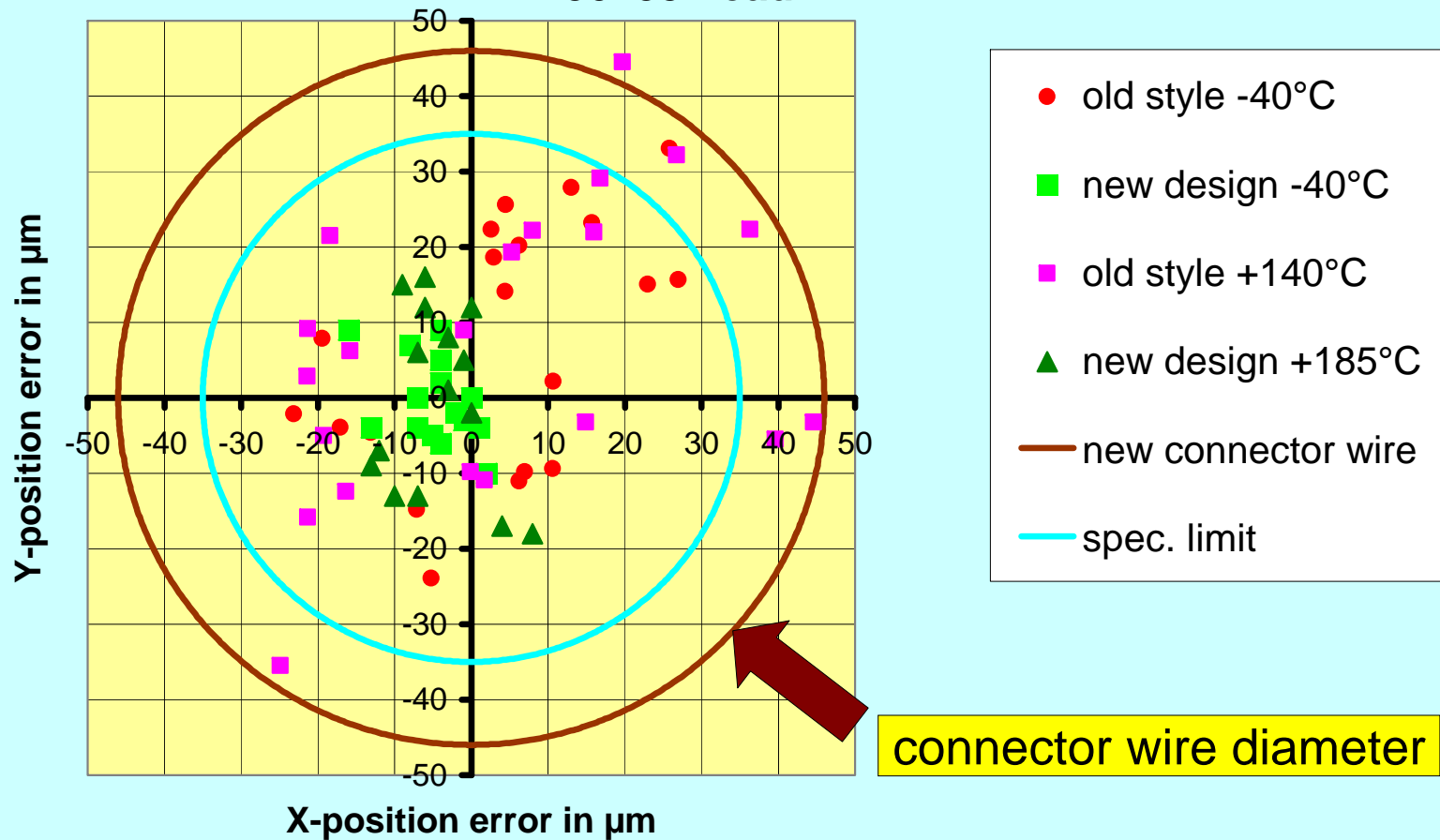


**ceramic – ceramic
symmetric**

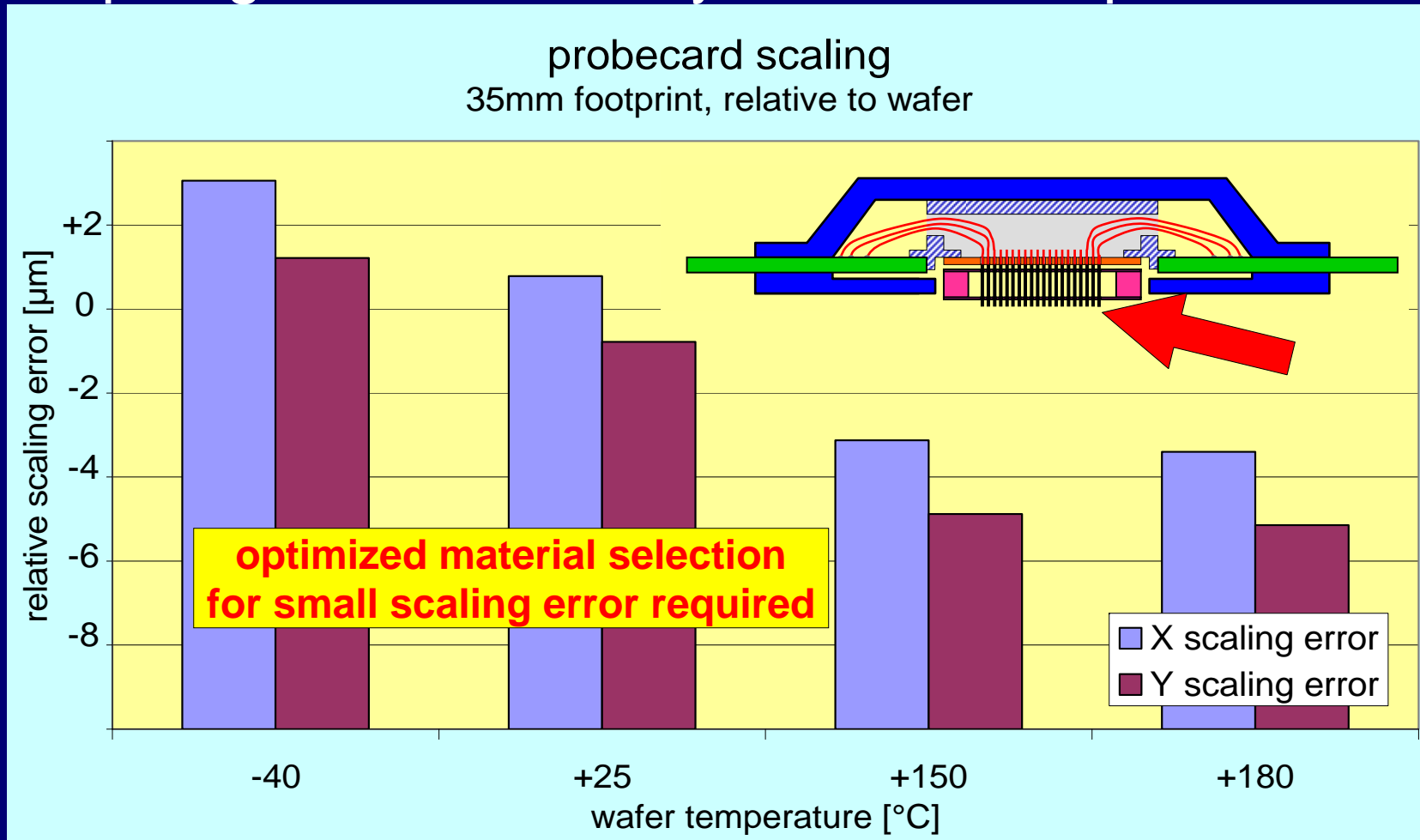


3. Needle – Connector Alignment

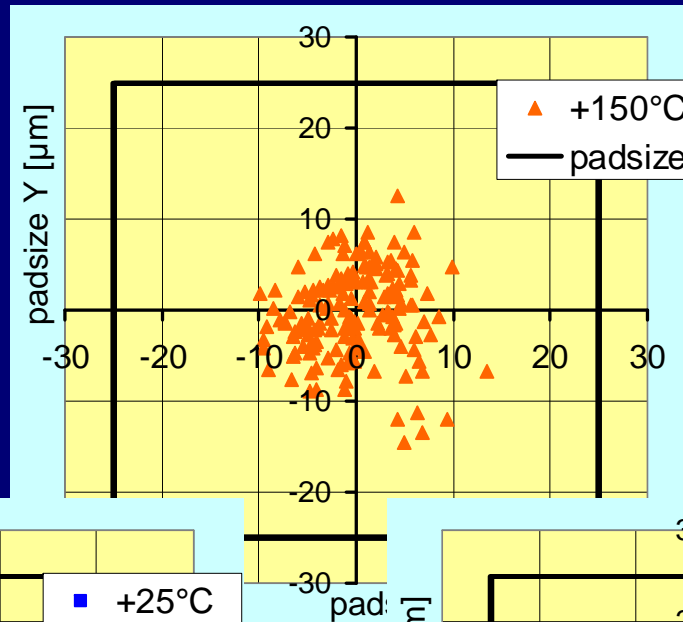
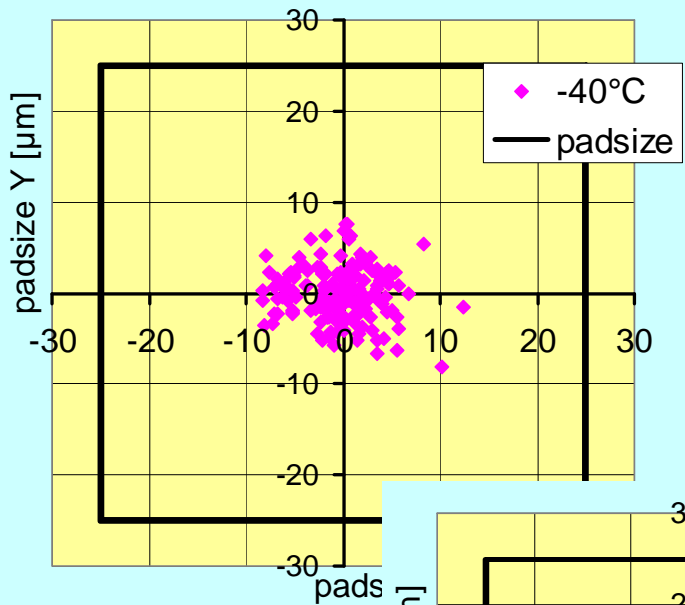
needle to connector wire alignment accuracy
W30x35 head



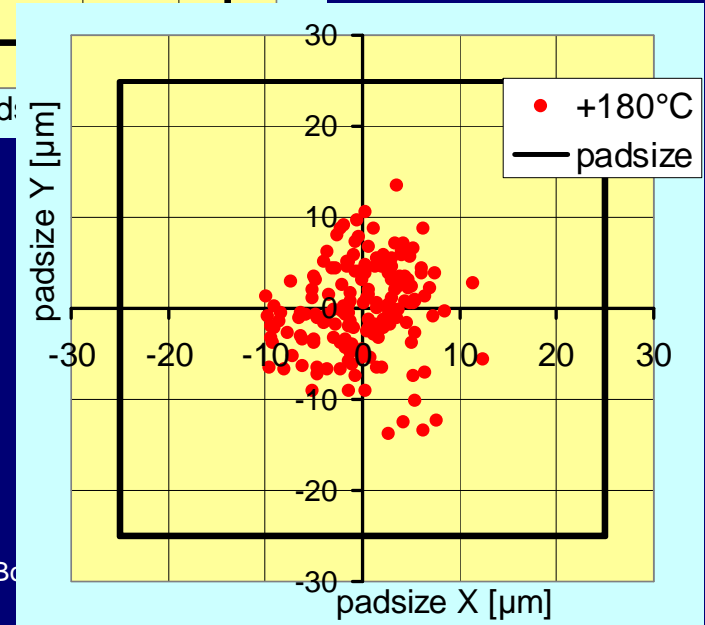
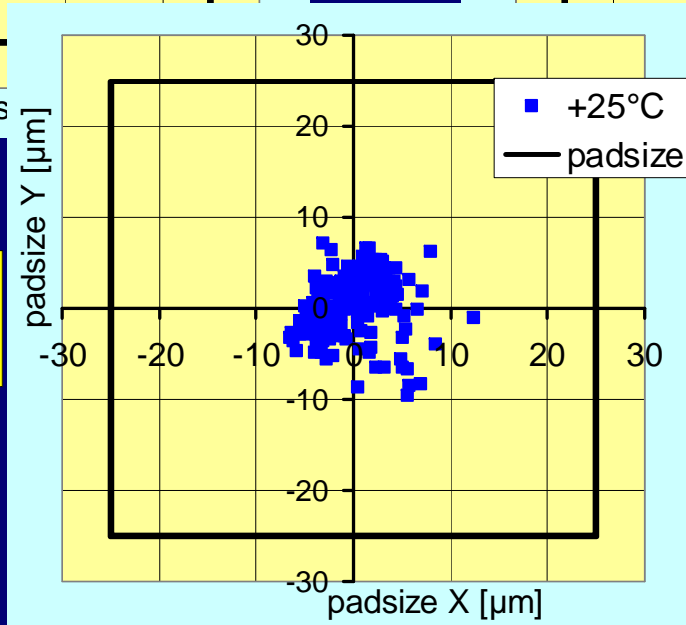
4. Tip Alignment Accuracy at Wide Temperature Range



4. Tip Alignment Accuracy at Wide Temperature Range



probemark
inspection data



CTE matched
guide plates

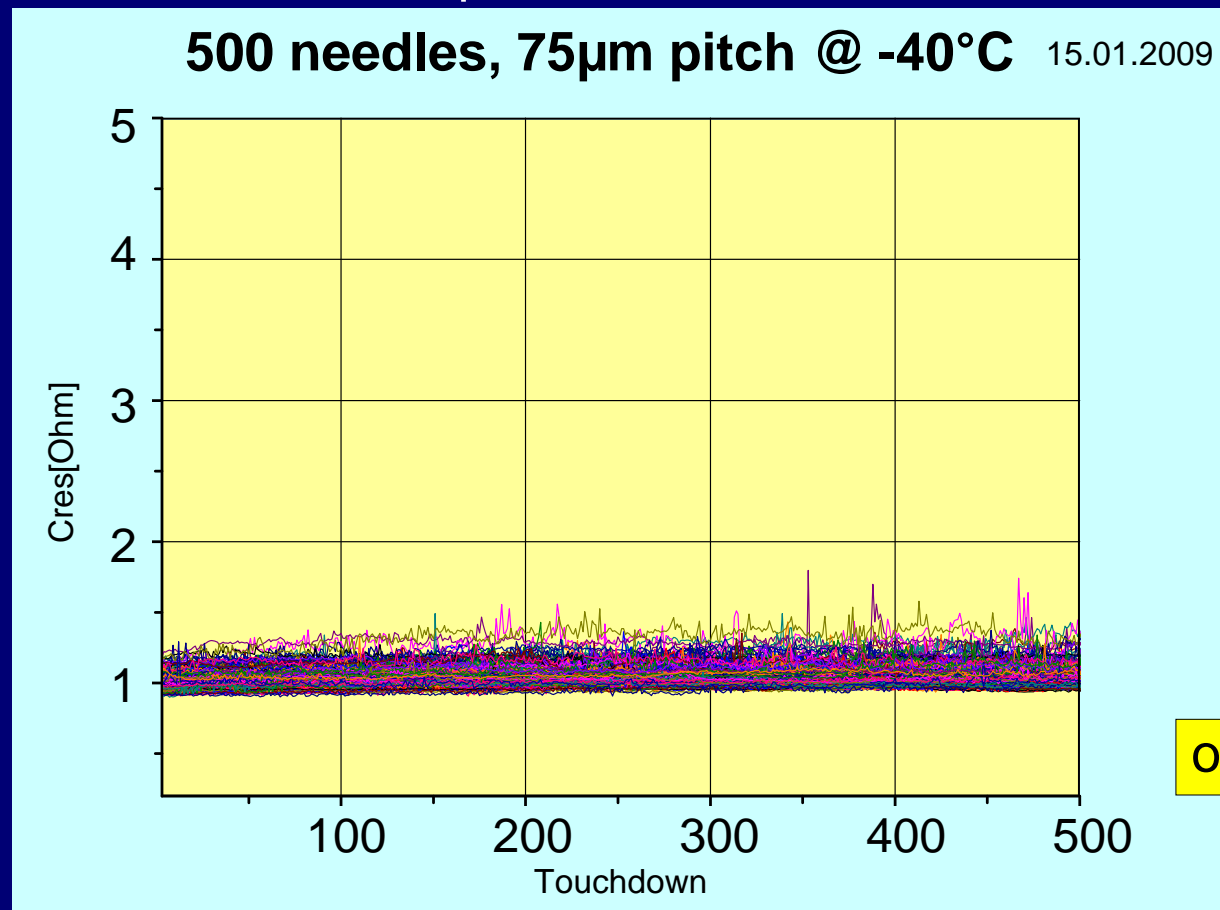


June 2009

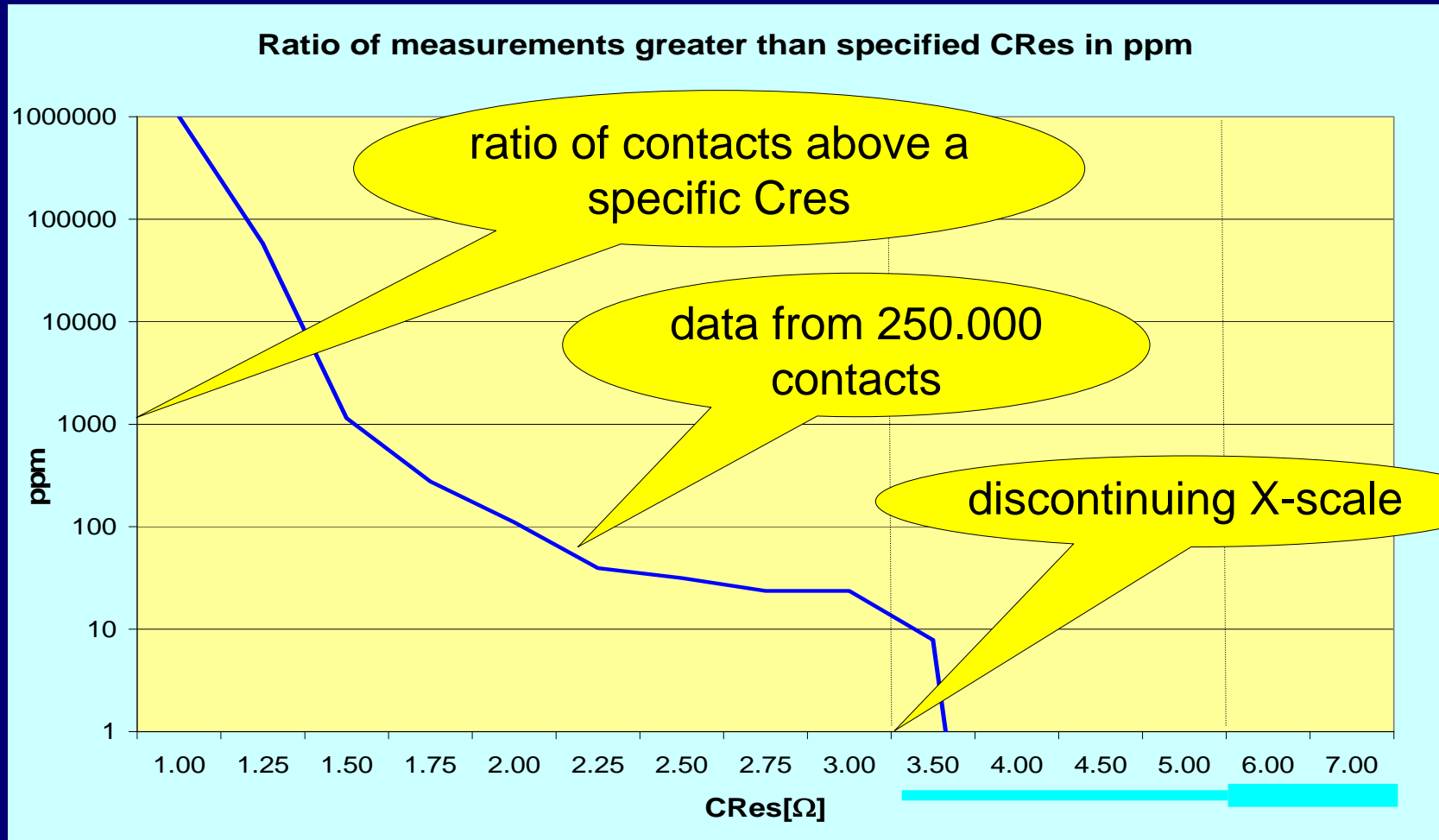
aefer / G. Bo

5. Contact Resistance Measurement

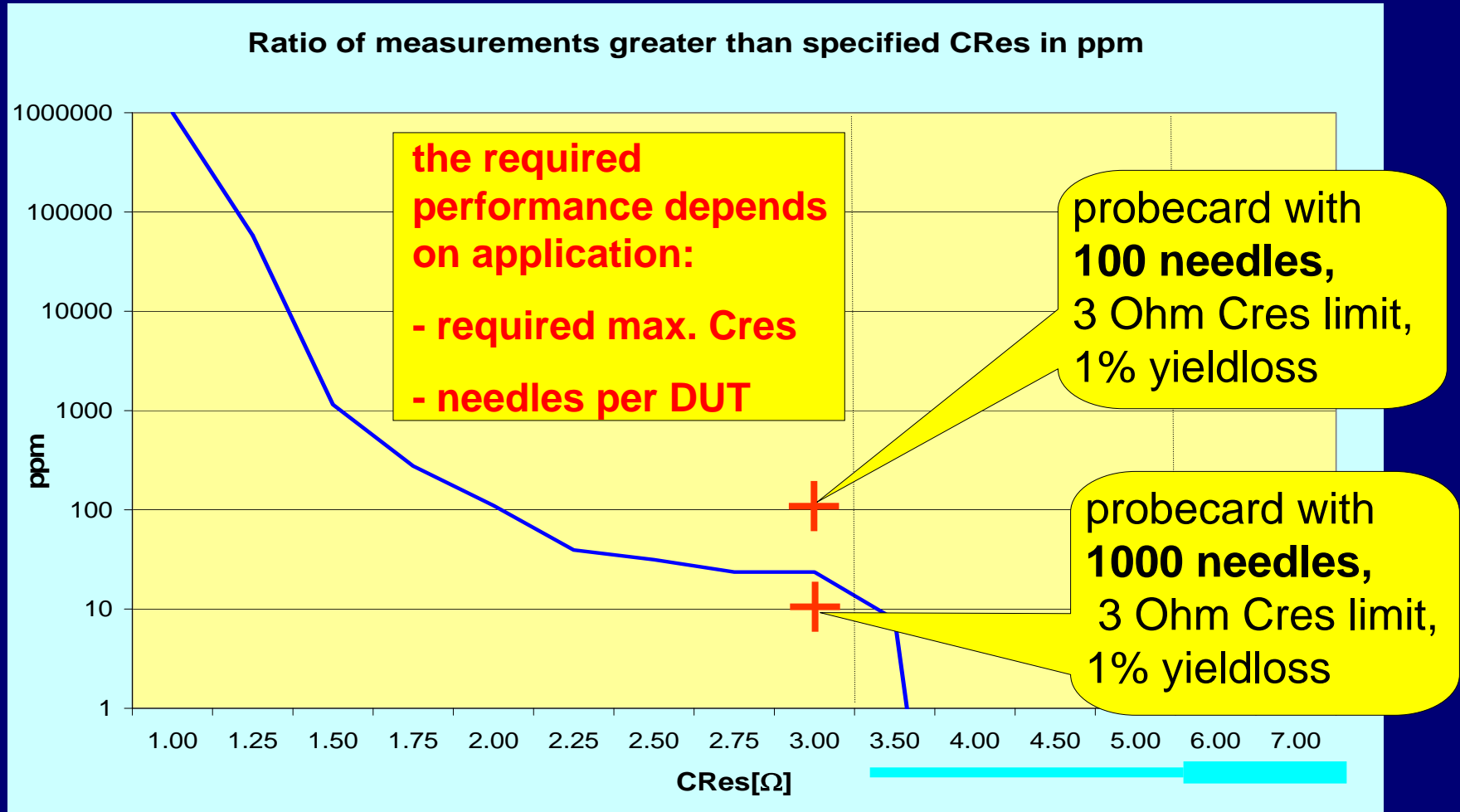
Typical test result from the prober:



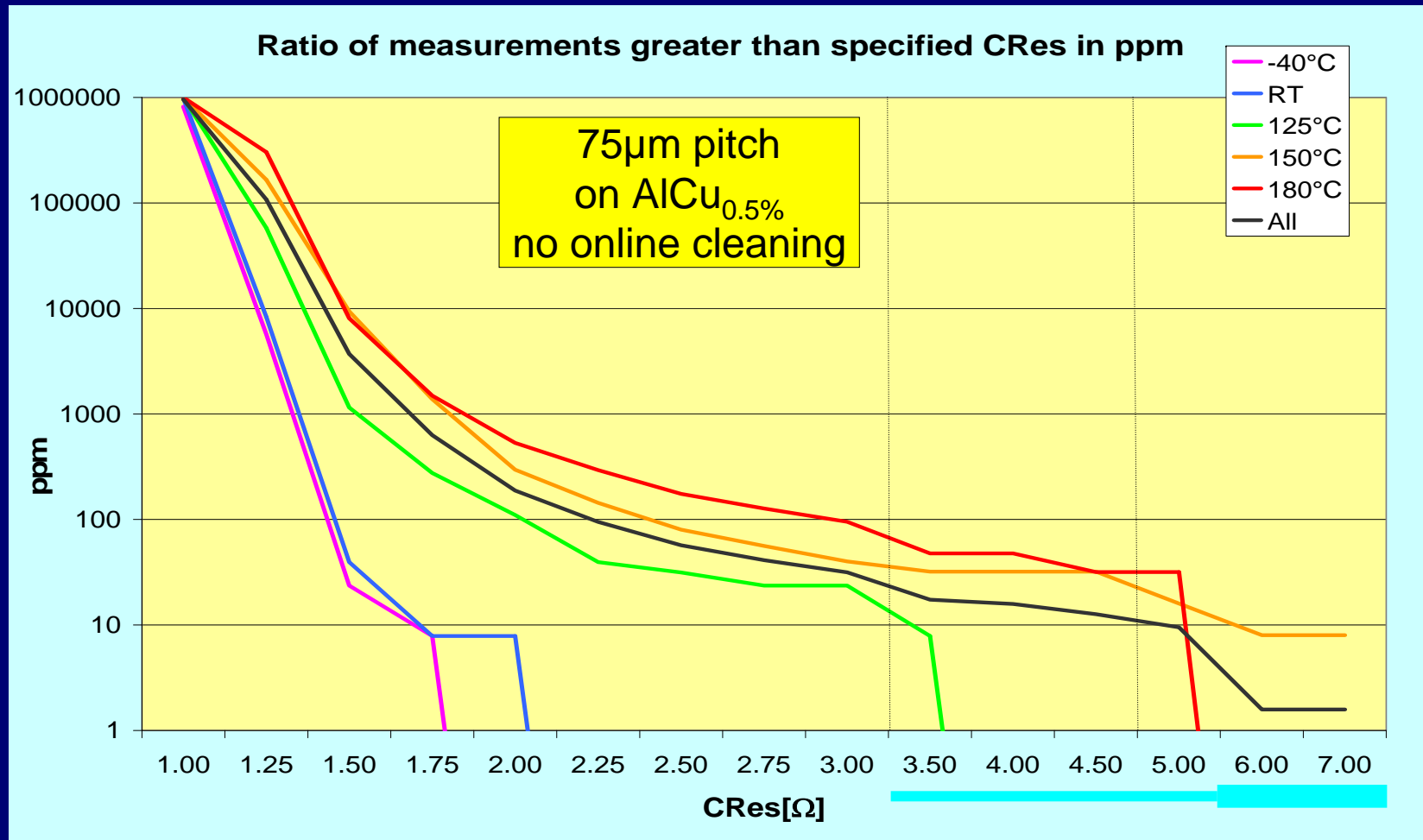
5. Contact Resistance Measurement



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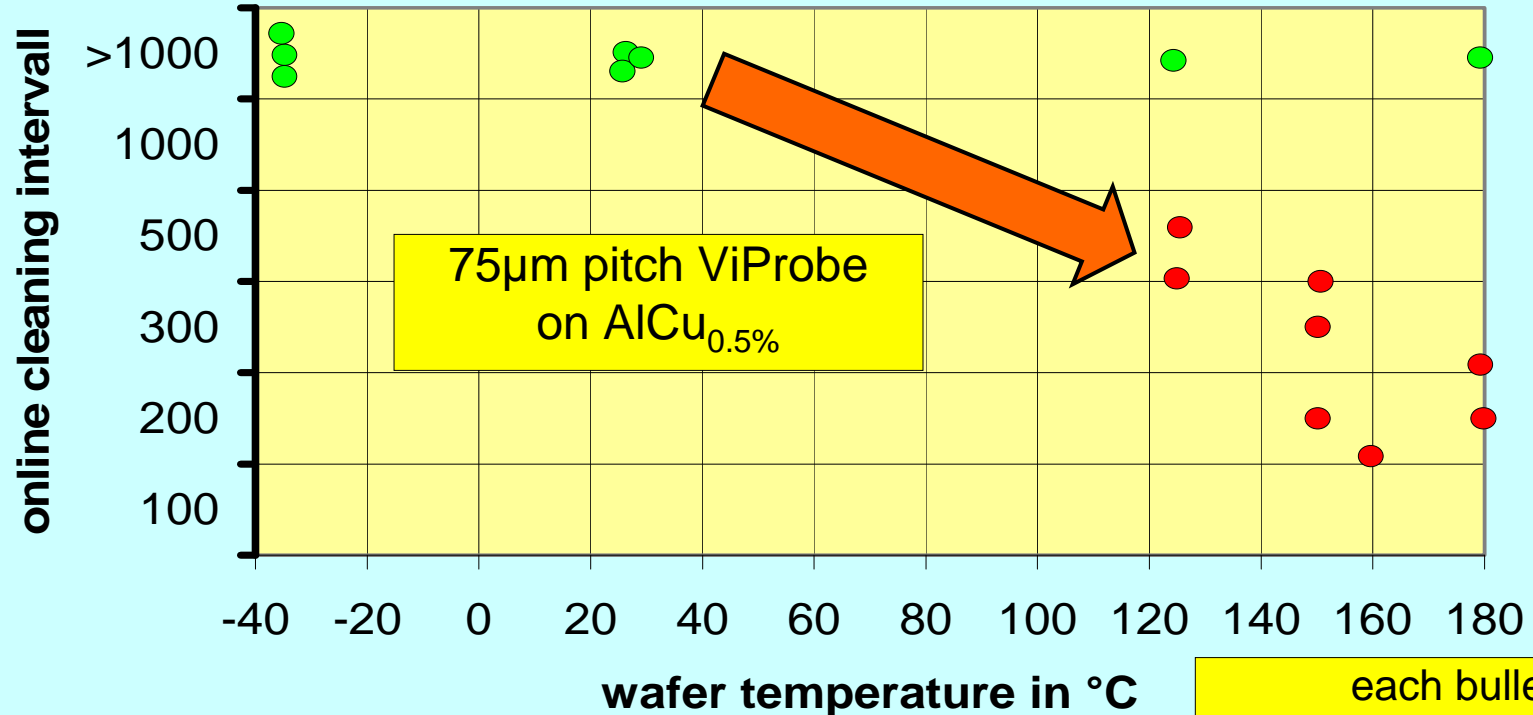


5. Contact Resistance at High Temperature Range



5. Online Cleaning at Elevated Temperatures

Cleaning Frequency vs. Wafer Temperature

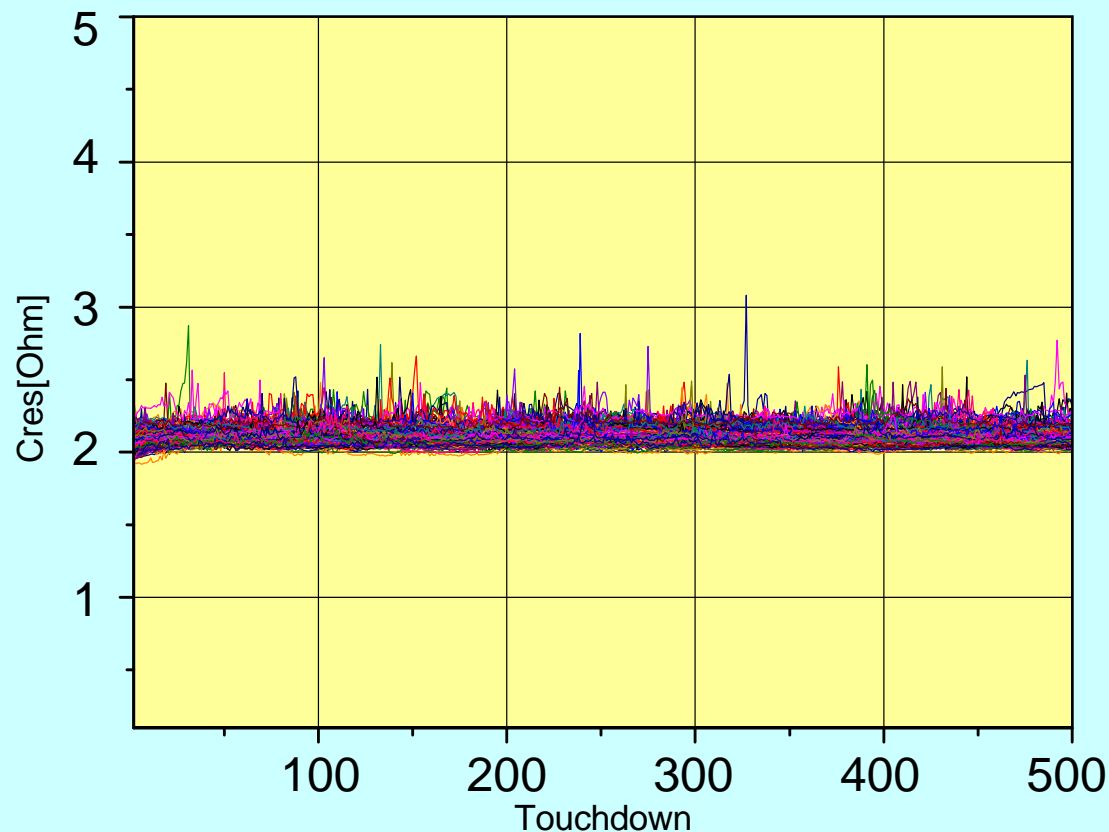


each bullet:
one test with 500 needles/
500 touchdowns

5. Contact Resistance Measurement

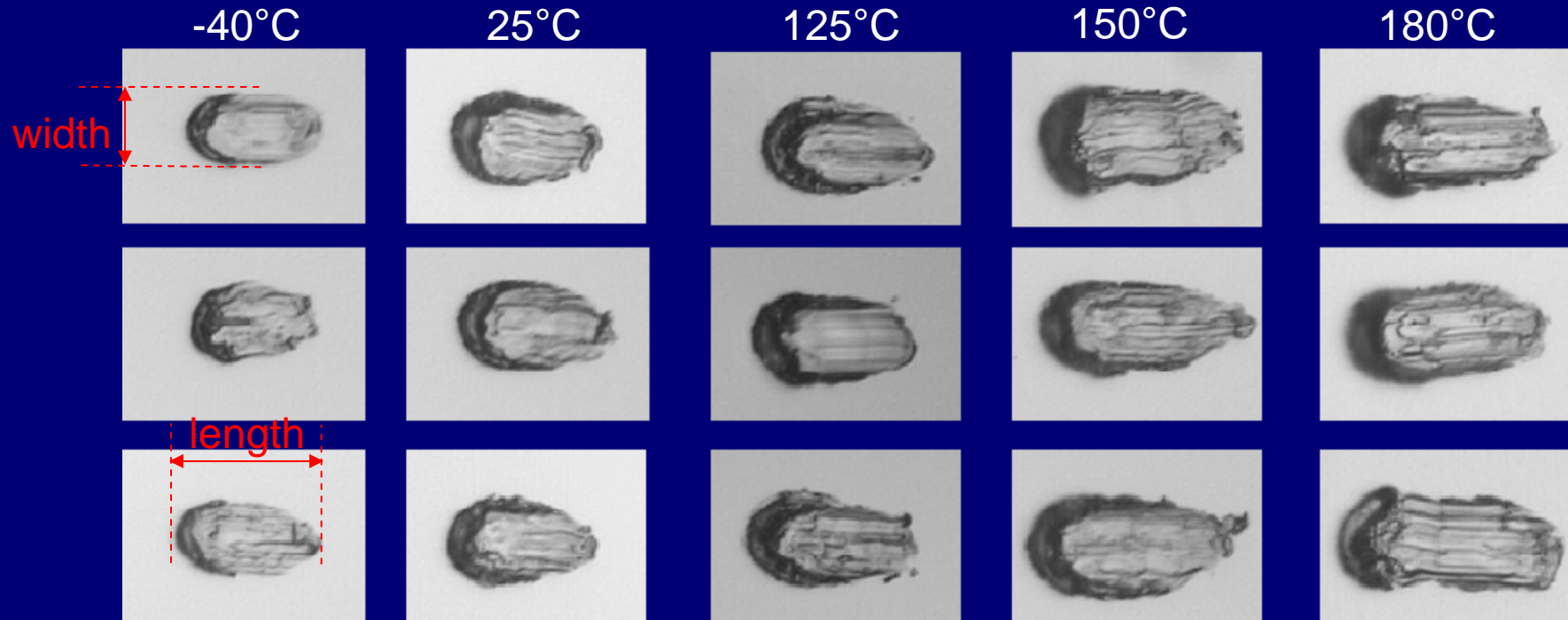
Typical testresult from the prober: online cleaning not required

W30x35, 75 μ m pitch, no online cleaning @ 180°C



500 needles
on AlCu_{0,5%}

5. Scrubmarks at Elevated Wafer Temperatures



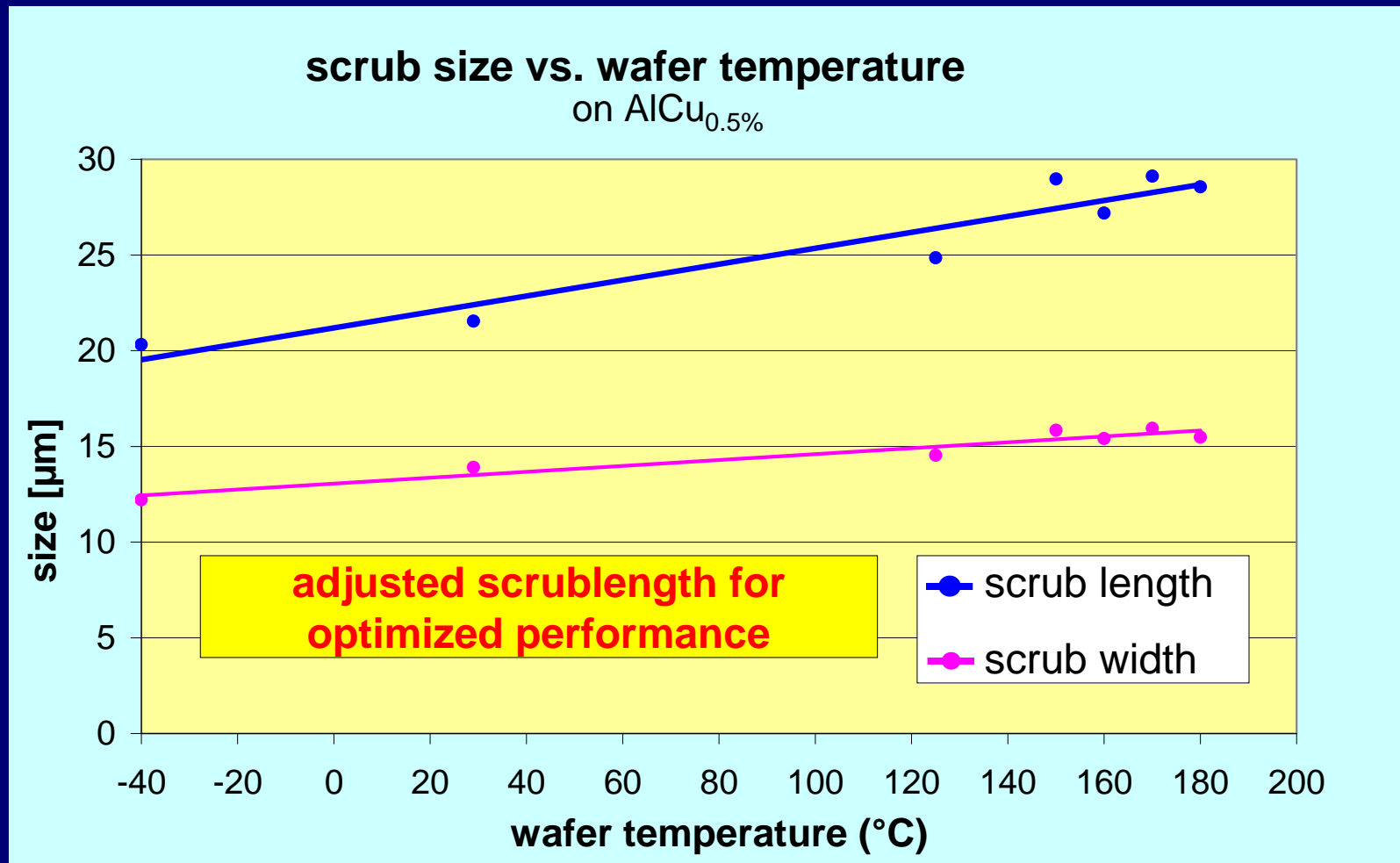
Total_Scrub :

Length	20µm	22µm	25µm	29µm	29µm
Width	12µm	14µm	15µm	16µm	16µm

(Average, count : 90)



5. Scrubmarks at Elevated Wafer Temperatures

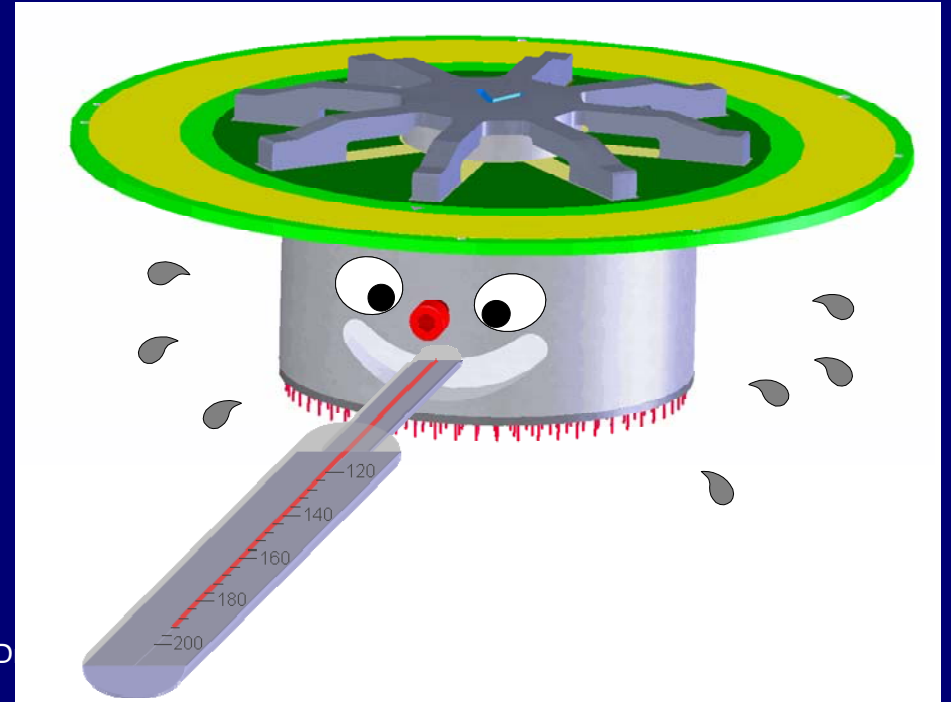


High Temperature Probing Recommendations

challenge	solution
1. temperature distribution	adequate warmup setting with the needles in contact with the wafer
2. temperature of electronics	selection and location of electronic components on the probecard with respect to their max. temperature limit
3. dimensional stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CTE matched materials- design to consider temperature gradients
4. alignment	CTE matched guide plates
5. contact performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- adjusted scrub length- adjusted online cleaning

Summary

- probing from -40°C to $+180^{\circ}\text{C}$ with one probecard is ready for industrial applications
- space transformer or wired probecards are both possible
- application specific optimization can reduce cleaning frequency





Thank You.

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